



National Core Indicators

Aging and Disability Adult Consumer Survey

2016-2017 Nevada Results





Preface

The State of Nevada delivers services and support to older adults and persons with disabilities in a partnership that involves three Divisions within the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). The Division of Health Care Financing and Policy (DHCFP) administers Medicaid Waivers for the Frail Elderly (FE), Persons with Physical Disabilities (PD), and Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities and Related Conditions (ID). The Aging and Disability Services Division (ADSD) manages caseloads from a person-centered perspective and ensures that long-term services and supports (LTSS) are delivered as authorized. The Division of Welfare and Supportive Services (DWSS) determines financial eligibility for programs supported with Medicaid dollars.

In addition, ADSD manages a variety of non-Medicaid programs that provide LTSS to older adults and persons with disabilities. Programs include, but are not limited to, Community Options Programs for the Elderly (COPE), the Homemaker Program, and Personal Assistance Services (PAS). The Division draws upon multiple funding sources to support non-Medicaid programs; for example, the State General Fund, the Fund for a Healthy Nevada (aka the Master Tobacco Settlement), Social Services Block Grant (Title XX), and the Older Americans Act.

ADSD and DHCFP routinely engage in quality assurance activities required by the Medicaid Waivers. Among these activities are Participant Experience Surveys (PES), which are conducted among randomly selected waiver recipients each quarter. ADSD recognizes the value of this effort and has expanded its reach to include non-Medicaid service recipients. The National Core Indicators – Aging and Disabilities Adult Consumer Survey (NCI-AD) project complements this work by exploring waiver recipient experiences with family relationships, health and wellness, health care, future planning and other topics not addressed in the PES.

The most recent census data estimates Nevada's total population at more than 2.9 million, a figure which is expected to top 3 million in 2018. For the past six decades, Nevada has had the highest population growth in the nation. Since the year 2000, the nation's population has grown 9.7 percent, while Nevada's growth rate has been clocked at 35.1 percent. Between 2000 and 2010, Nevada's older adult population growth also outstripped the nation. During this interval, the number of persons age 60 and older

increased by 56.3 percent compared with only 22 percent nationwide, and the number of persons age 85 and older increased 77.7 percent compared with only 29.75 percent nationwide.

Outcome data from the 2016-17 NCI-AD survey project will most certainly help Nevada in its efforts to continuously plan and adapt its LTSS programs to best meet the needs of this growing population.

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List of Abbreviations Used in This Report

ADL – Activities of Daily Living

ADSD - Aging and Disability Services Division

CM – case manager

COPE – Community Options Program for the Elderly

DHCFP - Division of Health Care Financing and Policy

DHHS – Department of Health and Human Services

DWSS – Division of Welfare and Supportive Services

ER – emergency room

HCBW-FE – Home and Community Based Waiver for the Frail Elderly

HCBW-PD - Home and Community Based Waiver for Persons with Physical Disabilities

HSRI – Human Services Research Institute

IADL - Instrumental Activities of Daily Living

LOC – Level of Care

LTC – Long Term Care

LTSS - Long-term Services and Supports

N - Number of respondents

NASUAD – National Association of States United for Aging and Disabilities

NCI-AD – National Core Indicators for Aging and Disabilities

NEIS – Nevada Early Intervention Services

PACE – Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly

PAS – Personal Assistance Services

PES – Participant Experience Surveys

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What is NCI-AD?

The National Core Indicators for Aging and Disabilities© (NCI-AD) are standard measures used across participating states to assess the quality of life and outcomes of seniors and adults with physical disabilities—including traumatic or acquired brained injury—who are accessing publicly-funded services through Medicaid, the Older Americans Act, Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE), skilled nursing facilities/nursing homes, and/or state-funded programs. The effort is coordinated by the National Association of States United for Aging and Disabilities¹ (NASUAD) and Human Services Research Institute (HSRI). Data for the project are gathered through a yearly in-person Adult Consumer Survey administered by state Aging, Disability, and Medicaid Agencies (or a state agency-contracted vendor) to a sample of at least 400 individuals in each participating state. NCI-AD data measure the performance of states' long-term services and supports (LTSS) systems and help state agencies with quality improvement initiatives, strategic planning, and legislative and funding prioritization. The project officially launched in mid-2015 with 13 participating states². Currently, the project is in its third year of data collection. The data presented in this report were collected during the project's second year of implementation (2016-2017). For more on the development and history of NCI-AD, refer to the National Core Indicators Aging and Disability Adult Consumer Survey: 2015-2016 National Results report, available on the NCI-AD website (www.NCI-AD.org)

NCI-AD Survey

Survey Overview

The NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey is designed to measure approximately eighteen broad domains and key areas of concern. These eighteen domains are comprised of 54 core indicators. Indicators are the standard measures used across states to assess the outcomes of services provided to individuals, including employment, respect and rights, service coordination, care coordination,

¹ NASUAD is the membership organization for state Aging, Disability, and Medicaid directors.

² Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, and Texas.

choice, and health and safety. An example of an indicator for Service Coordination is: "Proportion of people who receive the services that they need."

While most indicators correspond to a single survey question, a few refer to clusters of related questions. For example, the Access indicator that measures "Proportion of people who get needed equipment, assistive devices" is measured by several survey questions that ask about the person's need for various equipment and devices. The following Figure 1 details NCI-AD domains and corresponding indicators.

Figure 1. NCI-AD Domains and indicators

Domain	NCI AD Indicator
Community Participation	Proportion of people who are able to participate in preferred activities outside of home when and with whom they want
Choice and Decision Making	Proportion of people who are involved in making decisions about their everyday lives including where they live, what they do during the day, the staff that supports them and with whom they spend time
Relationships	Proportion of people who are able to see or talk to their friends and families when they want to
Satisfaction	Proportion of people who are satisfied with where they live
	Proportion of people who are satisfied with what they do during the day
	Proportion of people who are satisfied with staff who work with them
Service Coordination	Proportion of people who know who to call with a complaint, concern, or question about their services
	Proportion of people whose CM talks to them about any needs that are not being met
	Proportion of people who can get in contact with their CM when they need to
	Proportion of people who receive the services that they need
	Proportion of people finding out about services from service agencies
	Proportion of people who want help planning for future need for services
	Proportion of people who have an emergency plan in place
	Proportion of people whose support workers come when they are supposed to

Domain	NCI AD Indicator
	Proportion of people who use a relative as their support person
	Proportion of people who have a backup plan if their support person doesn't show up
Care Coordination	Proportion of people discharged from the hospital or LTC facility who felt comfortable going home
	Proportion of people making a transition from hospital or LTC facility who had adequate follow-up
	Proportion of people who know how to manage their chronic conditions
Access	Proportion of people who have adequate transportation
	Proportion of people who get needed equipment, assistive devices (wheelchairs, grab bars, home modifications, etc.)
	Proportion of people who have access to information about services in their preferred language
Safety	Proportion of people who feel safe at home
	Proportion of people who feel safe around their staff/ caregiver
	Proportion of people who feel that their belongings are safe
	Proportion of people whose fear of falling is managed
	Proportion of people who are able to get to safety quickly in case of an emergency
Health Care	Proportion of people who have been to the ER in the past 12 months
	Proportion of people who have had needed health screenings and vaccinations in a timely manner (e.g., vision, hearing, dental, etc.)
	Proportion of people who can get an appointment their doctor when they need to
	Proportion of people who have access to mental health services when they need them
Wellness	Proportion of people in poor health
	Proportion of people with unaddressed memory concerns
	Proportion of people with poor hearing
	Proportion of people with poor vision
	Proportion of people who have a chronic psychiatric or mental health diagnosis
	Proportion of people who often feel sad or depressed

Domain	NCI AD Indicator		
	Proportion of people who have a chronic condition		
Medications	Proportion of people taking medications that help them feel less sad/depressed		
	Proportion of people who know what their medications are for		
Rights and Respect	Proportion of people whose basic rights are respected by others		
	Proportion of people whose staff/worker/caregiver treat them with respect		
Self-Direction of	Proportion of people self-directing		
Care	Proportion of people who can choose or change the kind of services they receive and who provides them		
Work	Proportion of people who have a paid job		
	Proportion of people who would like a job		
	Proportion of people who have had job search assistance		
	Proportion of people who volunteer		
	Proportion of people who would like to volunteer		
Everyday Living	Proportion of people who have adequate support to perform activities of daily living (bathing, toileting, taking meds, etc.) and IADLs (cleaning, laundry, etc.)		
	Proportion of people who have access to healthy foods		
Affordability	Proportion of people who have ever had to cut back on food because of money		
Planning for future	Proportion of people who want help planning for future need for services		
Control	Proportion of people who feel in control of their lives		

Survey Organization

The NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey consists of a pre-survey form, a background information section, the in-person interview questions, and an interviewer feedback form. An additional Proxy Version of the survey is available for surveys conducted only with a proxy respondent. Each is described below.

Pre-Survey Information: This form has questions that help the interviewer prepare for the meeting. Pre-Survey data are not received by the NCI-AD project team, are not analyzed and thus are not included in this report. The Pre-Survey form is for interviewer use only.

Background Information: This section consists of questions about the consumer's demographics, residence, and services and supports. Data are generally collected from state records, case managers, or a combination of both. When information is not available or is incomplete, the interviewer is responsible for collecting the missing Background Information items at the end of the interview.

In-person consumer survey: This section includes all questions comprising the full in-person interview. The survey is organized into thematic sub-sections with related questions grouped together (e.g., questions about employment are in the same section; questions about the home are in a separate section, etc.). This section is completed one-on-one with the person receiving services, whenever possible. The respondent may ask for assistance answering certain questions through the help of a proxy respondent (e.g. family member or close friend) if needed. While the full in-person survey includes both subjective and objective questions, the proxy may only assist with answering the objective items.

Proxy Version: This version of the survey is used when the person receiving services is unable to complete *any* of the survey or has asked a proxy to complete the survey on their behalf. This version includes only the objective survey items that may be answered by a proxy respondent. The survey is also rephrased to reflect questions are about the individual receiving services and not the proxy respondent.

Interviewer Feedback form: This form is completed by the surveyor after the interview is finished to record information such as length and place of the meeting, respondent's ability to answer the questions, if others were present during the interview, any problematic questions encountered, and general feedback for the NCI-AD project team.

NCI-AD in Nevada

The Nevada Division of Aging and Disability Services (ADSD) and the Nevada Division of Health Care Financing and Policy (DHCFP) partnered to participate in the 2016-17 National Core Indicators – Aging and Disabilities (NCI-AD) Adult Consumer Survey sponsored by NASUAD and HSRI. DHCFP provided support in the form of funding, and ADSD delegated staff to conduct outreach and education as well as to arrange and conduct surveys across the state. Data from this substantial undertaking will be used in ADSD's ongoing efforts to positively impact the lives of Nevadans who rely on LTSS to remain in their homes or in the least restrictive community setting possible.

Sample

The total number of NCI-AD Adult Consumer Surveys conducted in Nevada and included for analysis in 2016-2017 was three hundred and ninety-six (Total N=396). The two program populations included in the survey sample are detailed below.

Home and Community Based Waiver for Persons with Physical Disabilities (HCBW-PD): The goals of this waiver are to provide the option of home and community-based services as an alternative to institutional nursing facility care and to allow for maximum independence for persons with physical disabilities. There are no minimum or maximum age limits for this program. Eligible participants must satisfy Medicaid financial requirements, meet a nursing facility level of care (LOC), and be at risk of nursing facility placement. Waiver services may include: Case management, homemaker, respite, attendant care, specialized medical equipment and supplies, assisted living services, chore, environmental accessibility adaptations, homedelivered meals, and personal emergency response systems. Two hundred and forty-three people (N=243) from this program were included for analysis.

Home and Community Based Waiver for the Frail Elderly (HCBW-FE): This waiver serves recipients age 65 or older whose LOC would otherwise result in admission to a skilled nursing facility within 30 days. Eligible participants must satisfy Medicaid financial requirements. Waiver services may include: Case management, homemaker, chore services, respite, personal

emergency response systems, adult day care, adult companion services, adult resident care, and augmented personal care (provided in residential care settings). One hundred and forty-two people (N=142) from this program were included for analysis.

Figure 2 below summarizes the programs included in Nevada's analysis sample, the number of surveys completed per program and included for analysis, and the number of participants eligible to be included in the survey by program. Also included are calculations of margin of error for each program's estimate under two scenarios: assuming 0.5 distribution of responses and assuming 0.7 distribution of responses. Using the 0.5 distribution of responses is the most conservative assumption one can make when calculating margins of error and is usually used when no prior information is available at all about population proportions. When prior evidence exists about likely distributions of proportions or averages in the population, those proportions can be used in calculating less conservative margins of error. Based on distributions observed in data collected so far, it is reasonable to assume a less conservative population proportion (response distribution) of 0.7 when calculating margins of error for the individual programs. Both scenarios use all completed surveys included for analysis as sample program N in the calculations. Readers should be aware that for some survey items, the actual number of valid responses may be smaller than the total number of completed surveys. This is explained in more detail in "Organization of Results" section below.

Figure 2. Programs included, number of surveys included for analysis, and margins of error

Setting	Number of surveys	Number of eligible participants	Margin of error and confidence level for estimate (using 0.5 distribution)	Margin of error and confidence level for estimate (using 0.7 distribution)
Home and Community Based Waiver for Persons with Physical Disabilities (HCBW-PD)	243	718	95% Confidence Level, 5.1% Margin of Error	95% Confidence Level, 4.7% Margin of Error
Home and Community Based Waiver for the Frail Elderly (HCBW-FE)	142	1,860	95% Confidence Level, 7.9% Margin of Error	95% Confidence Level, 7.3% Margin of Error

Setting	Number of surveys	Number of eligible participants	Margin of error and confidence level for estimate (using 0.5 distribution)	Margin of error and confidence level for estimate (using 0.7 distribution)
Total	3963	2,578	95% Confidence Level, 4.5% Margin of Error	95% Confidence Level, 4.2% Margin of Error

Survey Process in Nevada

The Nevada ADSD called upon staff from Nevada Early Intervention Services (NEIS) to conduct approximately 400 face-to-face interviews of recipients enrolled in the HCBW-FE and the HCBW-PD. ADSD's Community Based Care Unit is responsible for managing caseloads associated with the waivers but mobilizing NEIS staff created the separation of duties deemed necessary for impartial data collection. Prior to launching the project, ADSD trained NEIS interview teams, reached out to providers and other stakeholders to raise awareness of the survey activities, and distributed an informational brochure to recipients who were identified as potential respondents in a random sample of enrollees pulled from ADSD's electronic case management system. Recipient participation was voluntary.

Stakeholders

The Nevada ADSD consistently works with stakeholders to ensure a high level of community involvement in planning and decision-making. Two Governor's advisory groups – the Commission on Aging and the Commission on Services for Persons with Disabilities are regularly consulted on a variety of topics throughout the year. The NCI-AD program was discussed during some of these advisory group meetings.

³ Program was missing for 11 cases submitted for analysis

The Division takes additional steps to seek out consumers, providers and advocacy groups for special input and insights on LTSS. For example, ADSD's 2016-2020 State Plan includes objectives that rely on consumers, caregivers and their families for program improvement. In keeping with national standards, ADSD aims to develop a No Wrong Door LTSS system that includes goals and performance indicators designed to increase visibility, trust, ease of access, responsiveness, efficiency and effectiveness of the system. One strategy to reach this goal is to conduct a minimum of four focus groups, town hall meetings and other types of listening sessions around the state each year. Information gleaned from the NCI-AD survey project will help ADSD maximize the value of its planned sessions with the public. The more data that are available about the current status and future needs of the population the Division serves, the easier it will be to identify effective program improvements and appropriate development opportunities.

Organization of Results

The following section of the report presents findings from Nevada's 2016-17 NCI-AD data collection cycle. Results are grouped by domain and are presented in chart format. Charts show collapsed data broken out by each of the two programs, as well as the Nevada state average. The numbers of people in each program that responded to the item, as well as the number for the state as a whole are also shown. For rules on collapsing response options, please refer to Appendix A.

The Ns (number of respondents for each individual program and the state) shown in each chart are the number of valid responses to that survey item. That number may be smaller than the total number of completed surveys for several reasons:

- Certain questions in the survey could only be asked of the service recipient i.e. no proxy respondents were allowed for those questions. As the number of completed surveys includes both the full in-person surveys and the proxy surveys, these questions were only asked in the full in-person survey and thus have a smaller number of respondents.
- Only valid responses were included in both denominator and numerator. The Ns also represent the number of valid responses only. Unclear, refused and, unless otherwise stated, "don't know" responses were excluded.

- The survey contains several skip logic patterns. This means that depending on the response to a previous survey item, a question may or may not be asked, as appropriate. When a question is skipped due to skip logic, that survey case does not contribute to the calculations for the item and does not contribute to the N.

Nevada state average is a weighted state estimate. A weighted estimate is needed because Nevada oversampled one of its programs – i.e. one program constituted a larger proportion of the sample than it did as proportion of total population receiving services in the state. To account for this program being proportionally over-represented in the state sample, statistical weights were developed and applied when estimating state averages. Applying these weights, in effect, "re-balances" the disproportionate representation of programs in the sample, and results in a state estimate that one would expect if the programs were sampled proportionately relative to the populations they serve. For exact calculations of state weights please contact the NCI-AD project team.

Un-collapsed and unweighted data showing all categories of responses by program and Nevada's analysis sample overall are shown in tabular format in Appendix B. Please note the "sample average" in Appendix B is a simple average and is different from the state average shown in the charts, as it presents unweighted data (i.e. no weights that account for disproportionate sampling of programs have been applied in Appendix B).

Limitations of Data

This report contains survey results related to the quality and impact of LTSS in Nevada. However, the report does not include benchmarks for acceptable or unacceptable levels of performance for the programs or the state overall. Rather, it is up to stakeholders to assess the information contained in this report and draw conclusions. This report is intended to be one mechanism for state leaders and community stakeholders to assess the current state of Nevada's LTSS system and identify areas that are working well and areas that could use improvement. The results charts throughout this report display program scores relative to one another and to Nevada state average. It is up to public managers, policy-makers, and other stakeholders to decide whether a program's result relative to the state average suggests that intervention or further investigation are necessary. Furthermore, by

aligning NCI-AD measures with specific state and federal initiatives, Nevada can more accurately demonstrate the areas in which transformation is evident and continue to promote quality efforts, while also recognizing limitations and ongoing challenges.

Extreme caution should be exercised when interpreting results where the item sample size is small. Valid item Ns for each program are shown in every chart and table. Anytime the sample size is smaller than 20 in the charts, the N is also asterisked. It is advised that in these cases the data are treated as suggestive and informational only, and not used for drawing firm conclusions.

In addition, discretion should be used when comparing a program's result relative to another program due to potential similarities and differences amongst program participants.

Community Participation

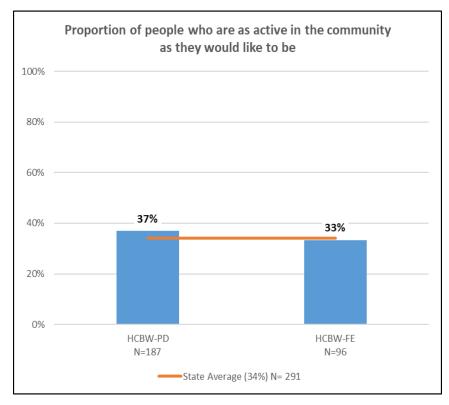
People are able to participate in preferred activities outside of home when and with whom they want.

There is one Community Participation indicator measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

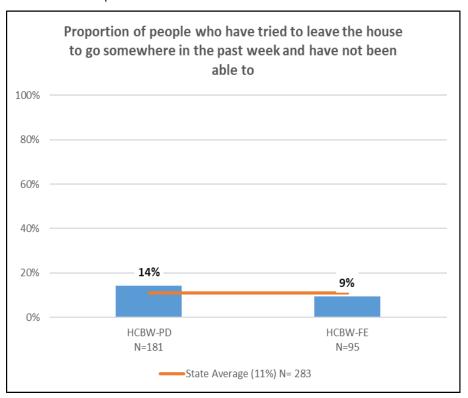
1. Proportion of people who are able to participate in preferred activities outside of home when and with whom they want.

There are three survey items that correspond to the Community Participation domain.

Graph 1. Proportion of people who are as active in the community as they would like to be⁴.



Graph 2. Proportion of people who have tried to leave the house to go somewhere in the past week and have not been able to⁵.



⁴ New variable ⁵ New variable

Choice and Decision Making

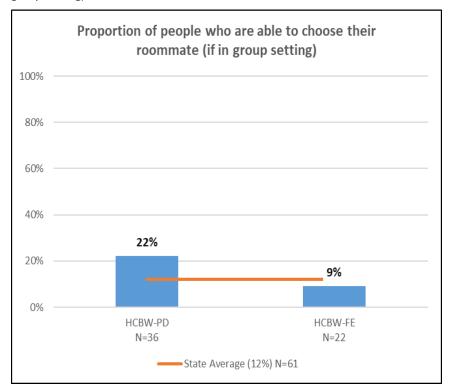
People are involved in making decisions about their everyday lives and with whom they spend their time.

There is one Choice and Decision-Making indicator measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

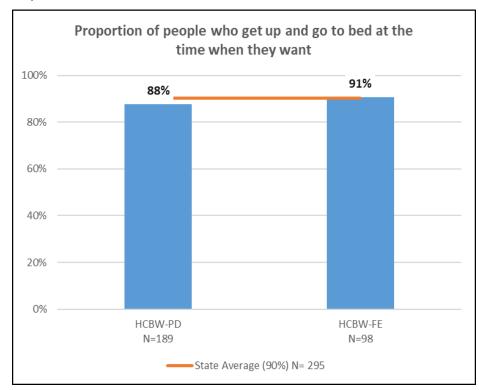
1. Proportion of people who are involved in making decisions about their everyday lives including where they live, what they do during the day, the staff that supports them and with whom they spend time

There are four survey items that correspond to the Choice and Decision-Making domain.

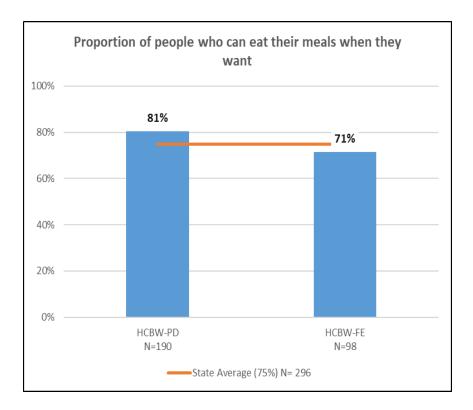
Graph 3. Proportion of people who are able to choose their roommate (if in group setting)



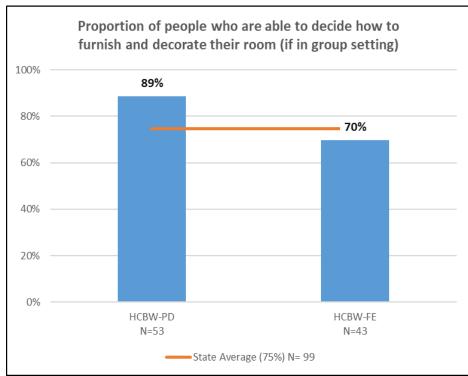
Graph 4. Proportion of people who get up and go to bed at the time when they want



Graph 5. Proportion of people who can eat their meals when they want



Graph 6. Proportion of people who are able to decide how to furnish and decorate their room (if in group setting)



Relationships

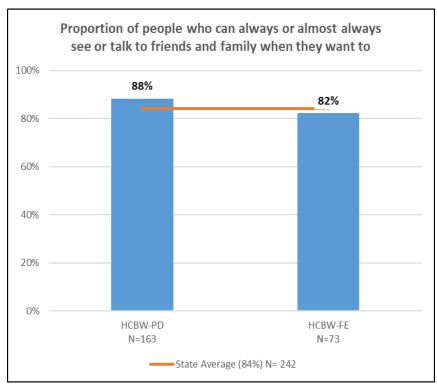
People have friends and relationships and do not feel lonely.

There is one Relationship indicator measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

1. Proportion of people who are able to see or talk to their friends and families when they want to.

There are two survey items that correspond to the Relationship domain.

Graph 7. Proportion of people who can always or almost always see or talk to friends and family when they want to (if there are friends and family who do not live with person)



Satisfaction

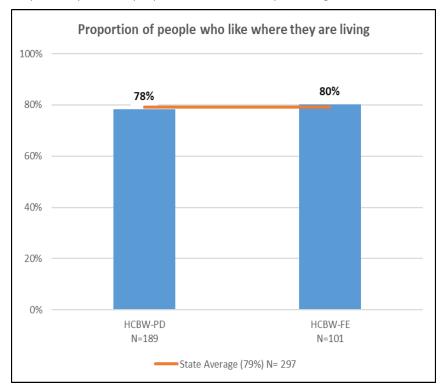
People are satisfied with their everyday lives – where they live, who works with them, and what they do during the day.

There are three Satisfaction indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

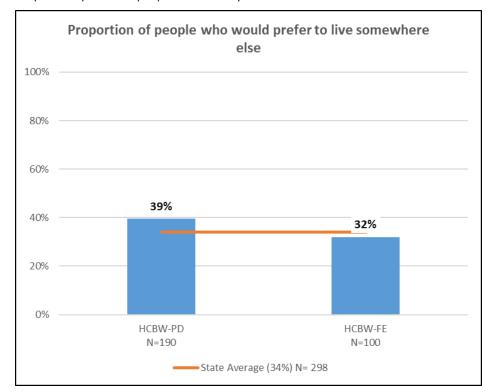
- 1. Proportion of people who are satisfied with where they live.
- 2. Proportion of people who are satisfied with what they do during the day.
- 3. Proportion of people who are satisfied with staff who work with them.

There are seven survey items that correspond to the Satisfaction domain.

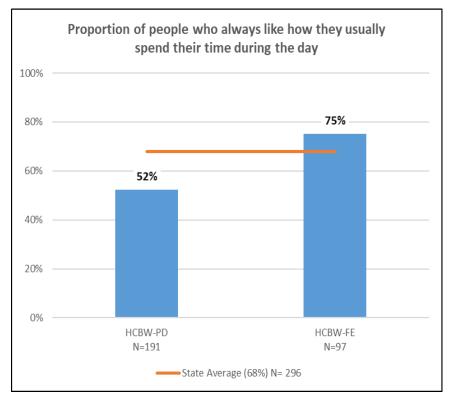
Graph 8. Proportion of people who like where they are living



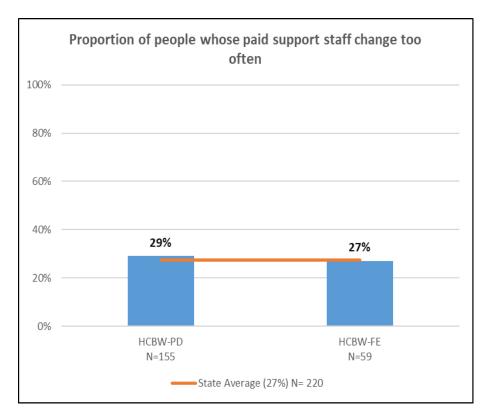
Graph 9. Proportion of people who would prefer to live somewhere else



Graph 10. Proportion of people who always like how they usually spend their time during the day^6



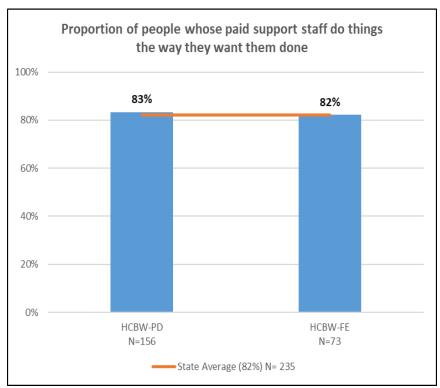
Graph 11. Proportion of people whose paid support staff change too often⁷



⁶ In 2015-2016 reporting cycle, "sometimes" was combined with "always"

⁷ In 2015-2016 survey cycle, proxies were allowed for this question

Graph 12. Proportion of people whose paid support staff do things the way they want them done $\,$



Service Coordination

Service coordinators are accessible, responsive, and support the person's participation in service planning and the person receives needed services.

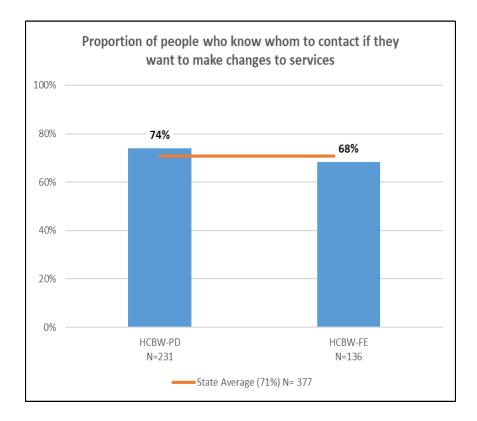
There are ten Service Coordination indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

- 1. Proportion of people who know who to call with a complaint, concern, or question about their services
- 2. Proportion of people whose case manager talks to them about any needs that are not being met
- 3. Proportion of people who can get in contact with their case manager when they need to
- 4. Proportion of people who receive the services that they need
- 5. Proportion of people finding out about services from service agencies⁸
- 6. Proportion of people who want help planning for future need for services
- 7. Proportion of people who have an emergency plan in place
- 8. Proportion of people whose support workers come when they are supposed to
- 9. Proportion of people who use a relative as their support person
- 10. Proportion of people who have a backup plan if their support person doesn't show up

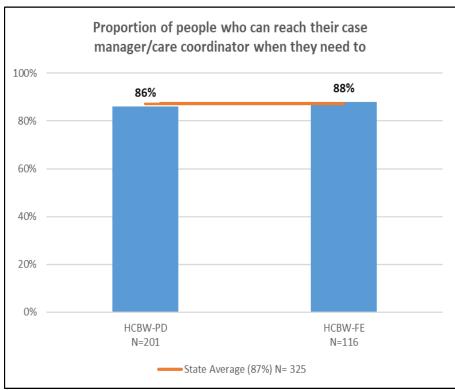
There are twelve survey items that correspond to the Service Coordination domain.

⁸ Data shown in Appendix B only

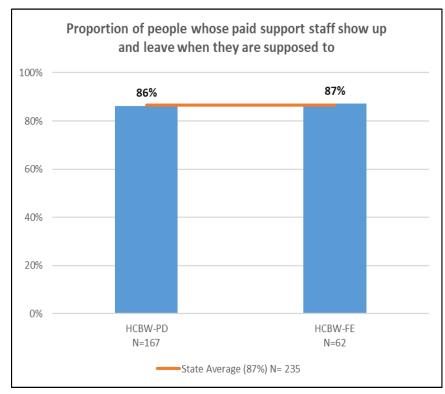
Graph 13. Proportion of people who know whom to contact if they want to make changes to their services



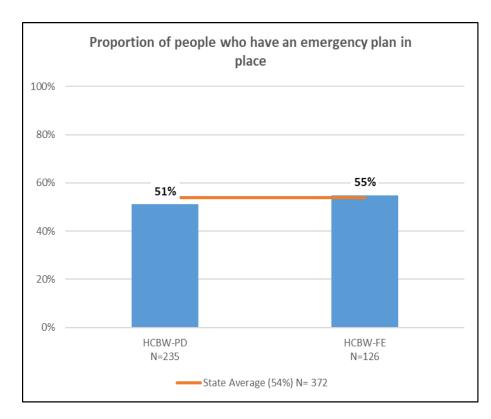
Graph 14. Proportion of people who can reach their case manager/care coordinator when they need to (if know they have case manager/care coordinator)



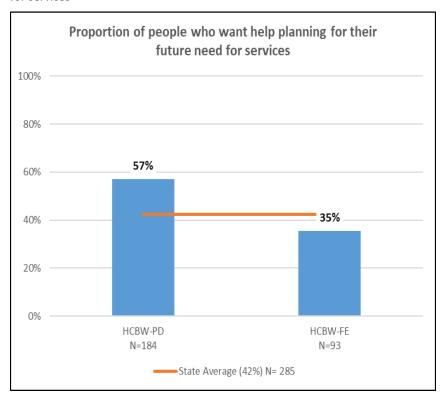
Graph 15. Proportion of people whose paid support staff show up and leave when they are supposed to



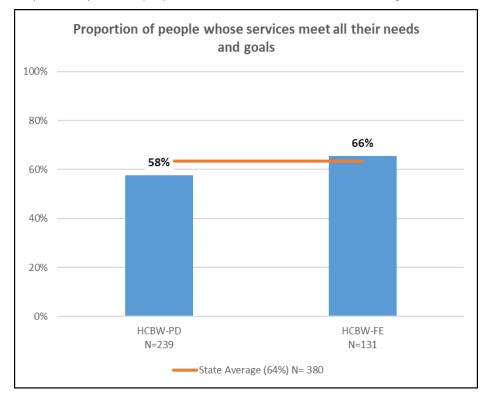
Graph 16. Proportion of people who have an emergency plan in place



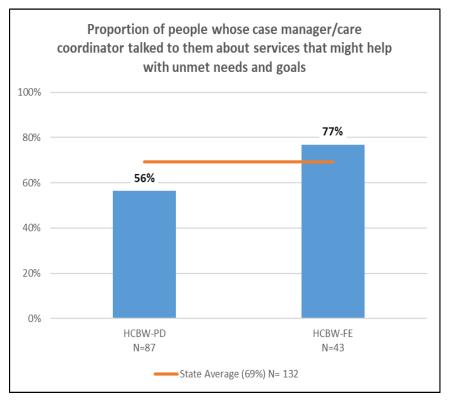
Graph 17. Proportion of people who want help planning for their future need for services



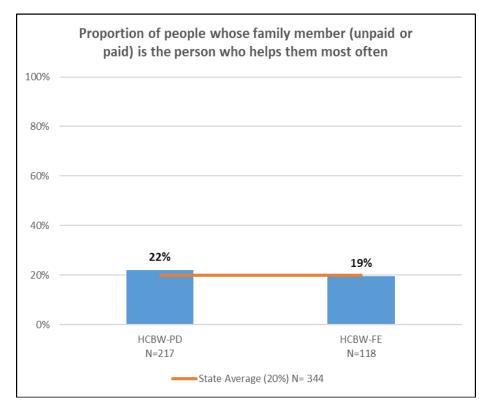
Graph 18. Proportion of people whose services meet all their needs and goals



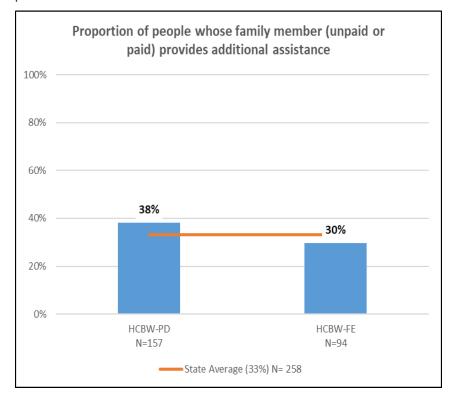
Graph 19. Proportion of people whose case manager/care coordinator talked to them about services that might help with unmet needs and goals (if have case manager and have unmet needs and goals)



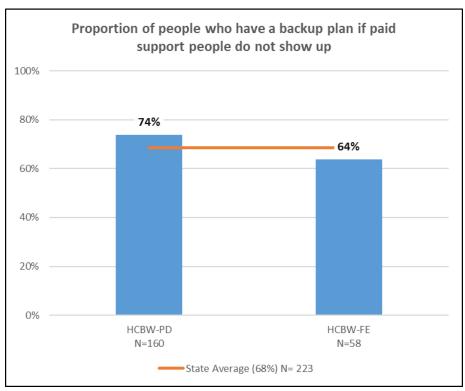
Graph 20. Proportion of people whose family member (unpaid or paid) is the person who helps them most often



Graph 21. Proportion of people whose family member (unpaid or paid) provides additional assistance



Graph 22. Proportion of people who have a backup plan if their paid support people do not show up⁹



⁹ New variable

Care Coordination

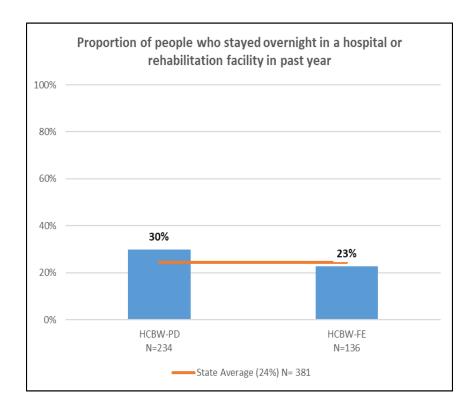
Individuals are provided appropriate coordination of care.

There are three Care Coordination indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

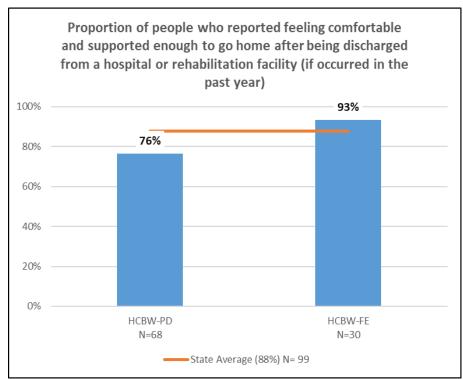
- 1. Proportion of people discharged from the hospital or LTC facility who felt comfortable going home.
- 2. Proportion of people making a transition from hospital or LTC facility who had adequate follow-up.
- 3. Proportion of people who know how to manage their chronic conditions.

There are five survey items that correspond to the Care Coordination domain.

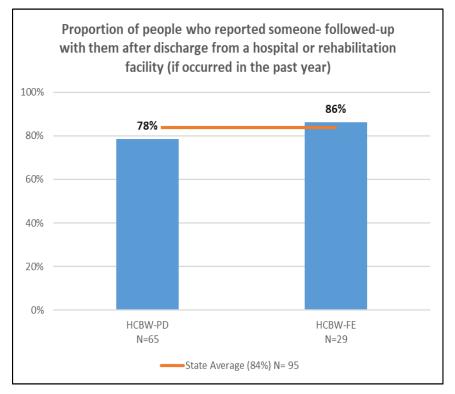
Graph 23. Proportion of people who stayed overnight in a hospital or rehabilitation facility (and were discharged to go home) in past year



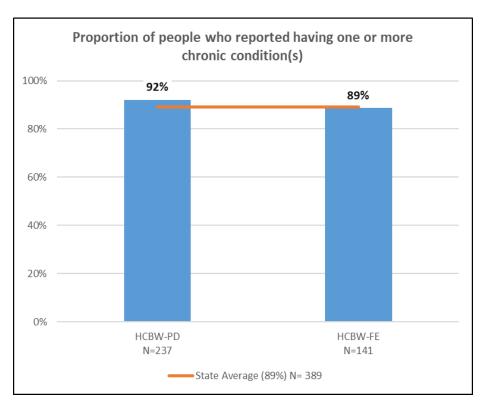
Graph 24. Proportion of people who reported feeling comfortable and supported enough to go home after being discharged from a hospital or rehabilitation facility (if occurred in the past year)



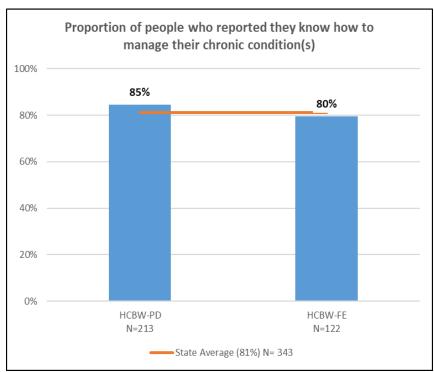
Graph 25. Proportion of people who reported someone followed-up with them after discharge from a hospital or rehabilitation facility (if occurred in the past year)



Graph 26. Proportion of people who reported having one or more chronic condition(s)



Graph 27. Proportion of people who reported they know how to manage their chronic condition(s)



Access

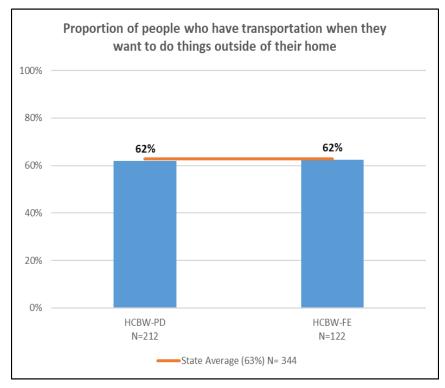
Publicly funded services are readily available to individuals who need and qualify for them.

There are three Access indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

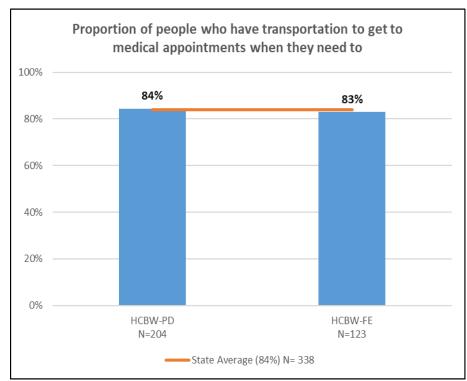
- 1. Proportion of people who have adequate transportation.
- 2. Proportion of people who get needed equipment, assistive devices (wheelchairs, grab bars, home modifications, etc.)
- 3. Proportion of people who have access to information about services in their preferred language.

There are five survey items that correspond to the Access domain.

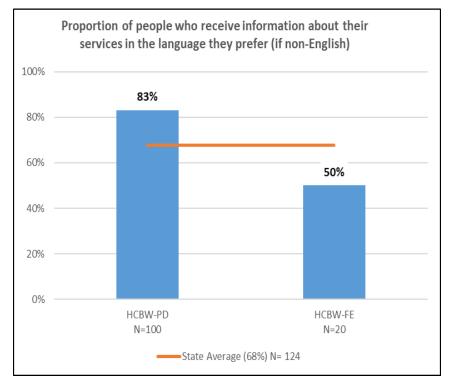
Graph 28. Proportion of people who have transportation when they want to do things outside of their home



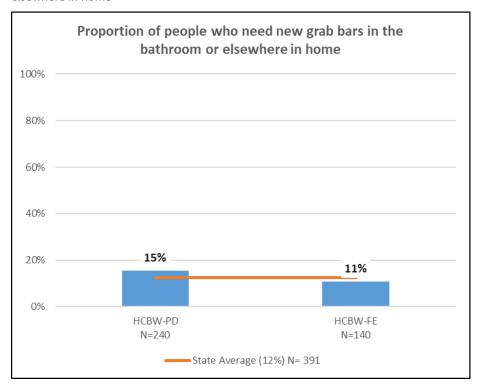
Graph 29. Proportion of people who have transportation to get to medical appointments when they need to



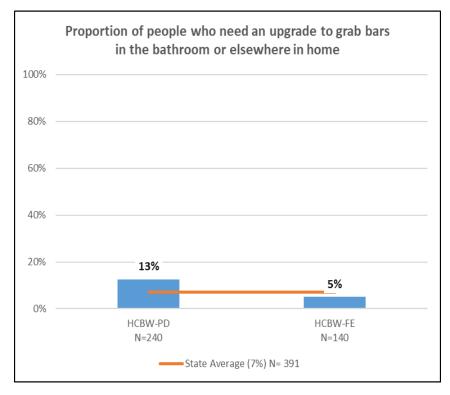
Graph 30. Proportion of people who receive information about their services in the language they prefer (if non-English)



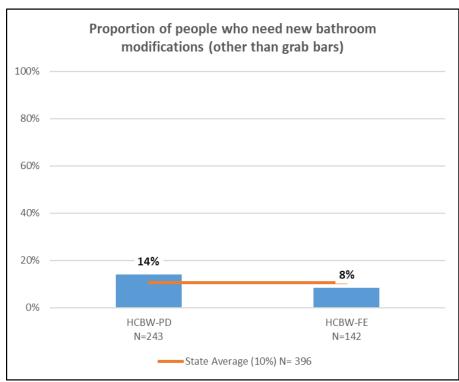
Graph 31. Proportion of people who need new grab bars in the bathroom or elsewhere in home



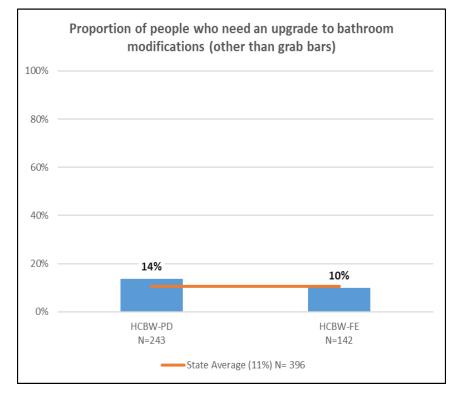
Graph 32. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to grab bars in the bathroom or elsewhere in home



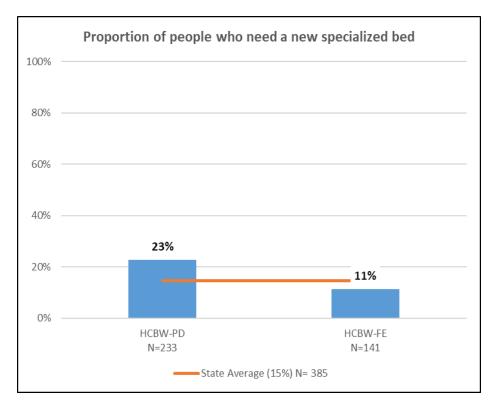
Graph 33. Proportion of people who need new bathroom modifications (other than grab bars)



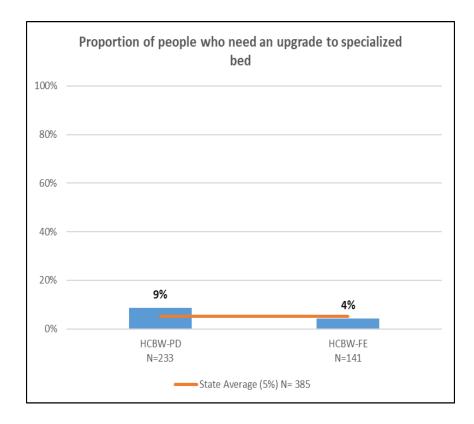
Graph 34. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to bathroom modifications (other than grab bars)



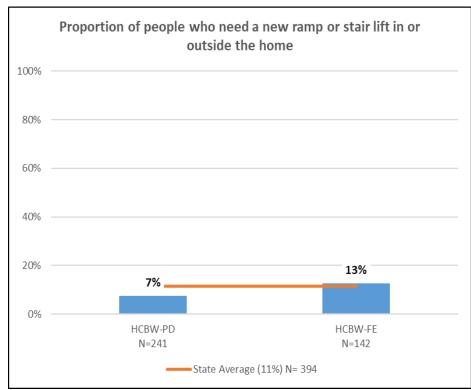
Graph 35. Proportion of people who need a new specialized bed



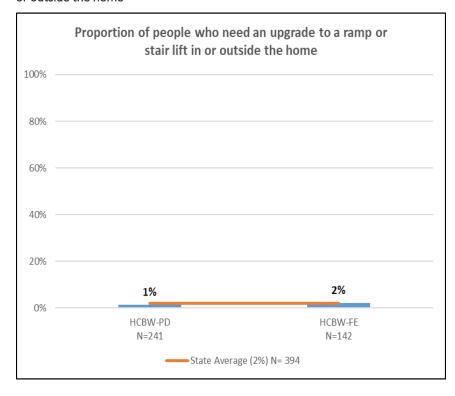
Graph 36. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to specialized bed



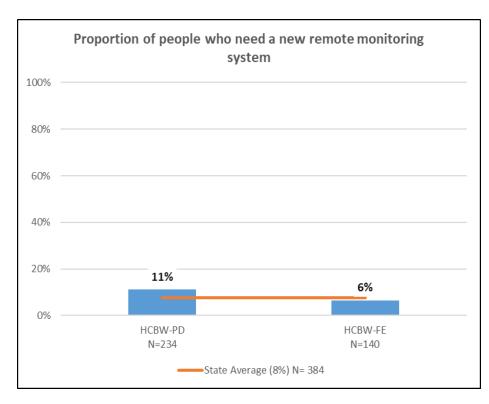
Graph 37. Proportion of people who need a new ramp or stair lift in or outside the home



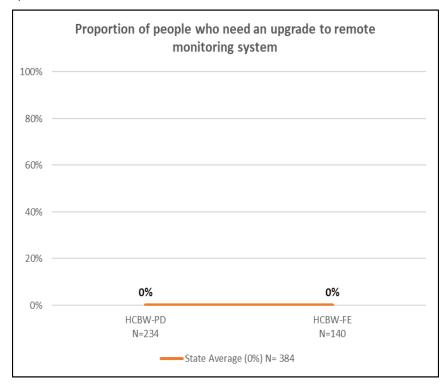
Graph 38. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to a ramp or stair lift in or outside the home



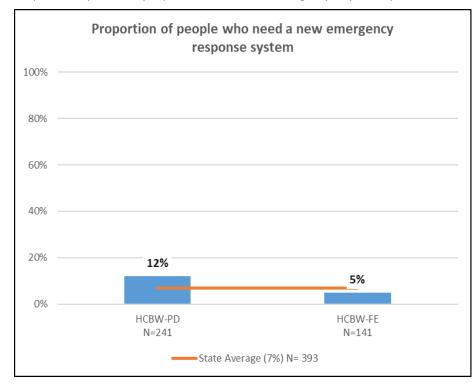
Graph 39. Proportion of people who need a new remote monitoring system



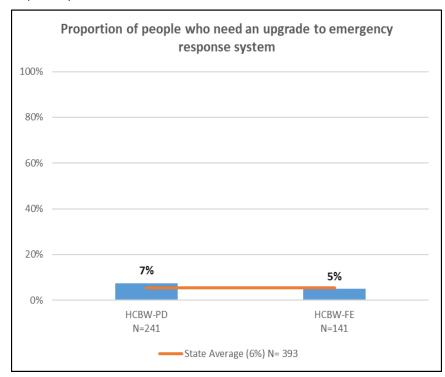
Graph 40. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to remote monitoring system



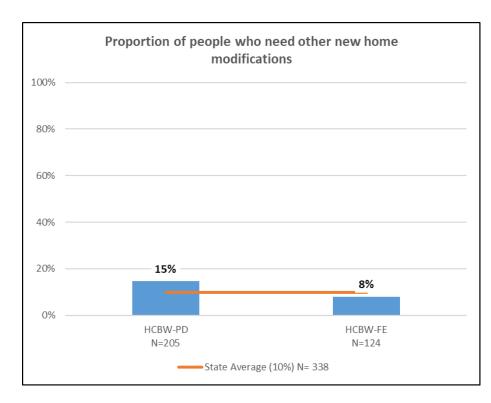
Graph 41. Proportion of people who need a new emergency response system



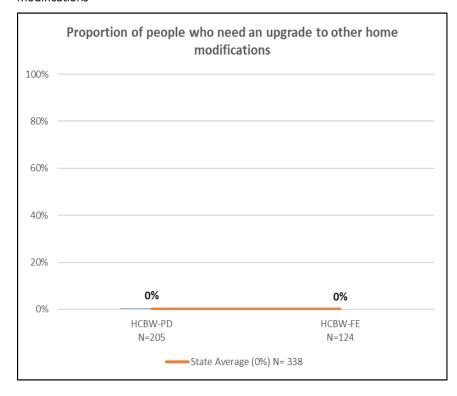
Graph 42. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to emergency response system



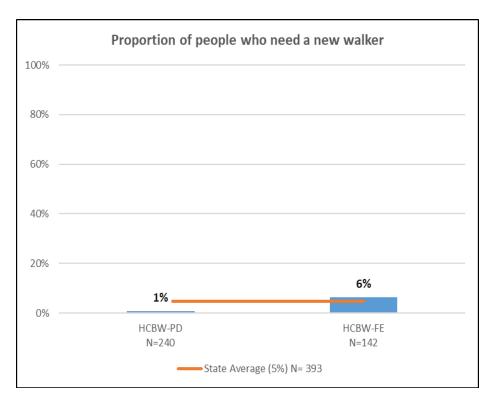
Graph 43. Proportion of people who need other new home modifications



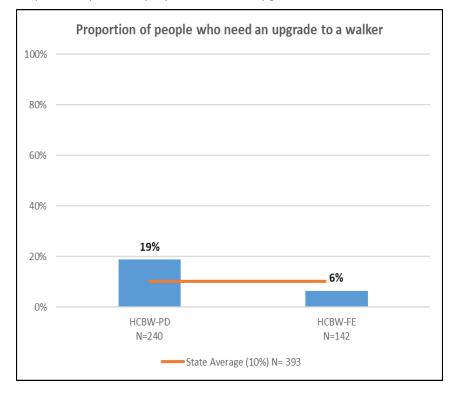
Graph 44. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to other home modifications



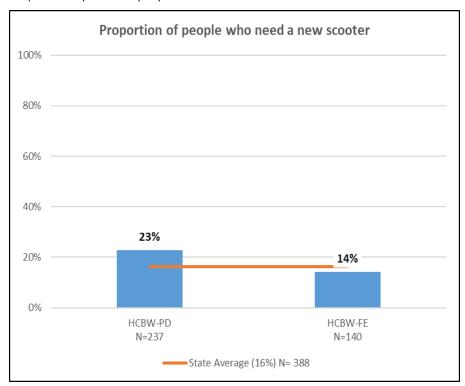
Graph 45. Proportion of people who need a new walker



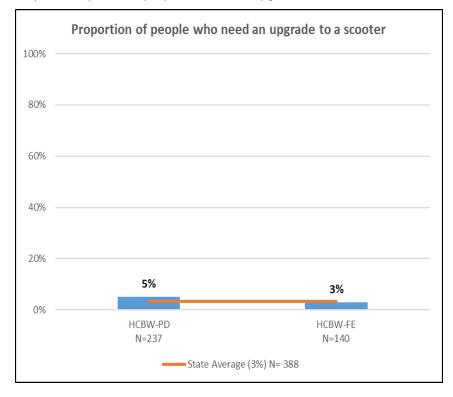
Graph 46. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to a walker



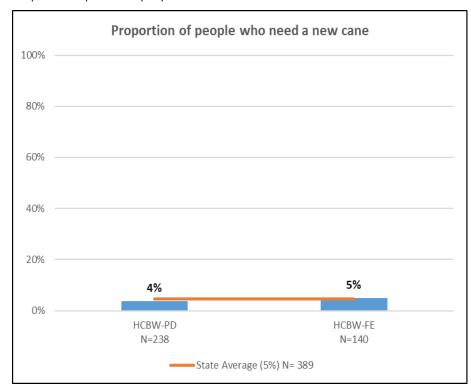
Graph 47. Proportion of people who need a new scooter



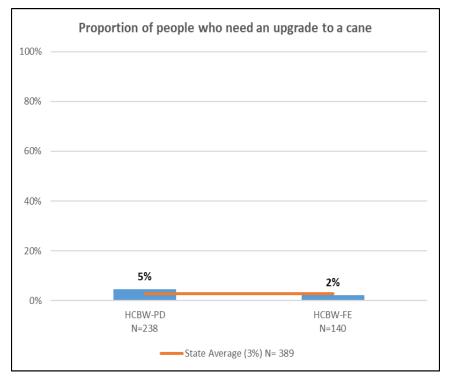
Graph 48. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to a scooter



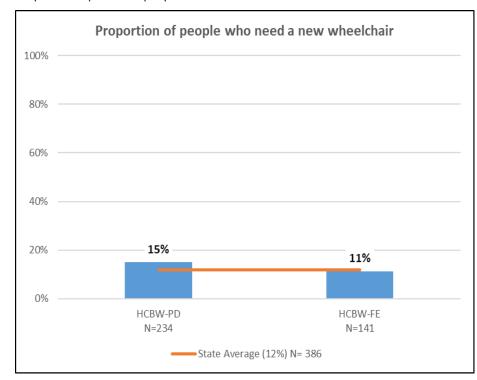
Graph 49. Proportion of people who need a new cane



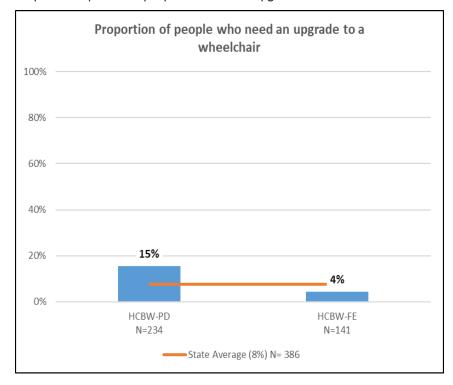
Graph 50. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to a cane



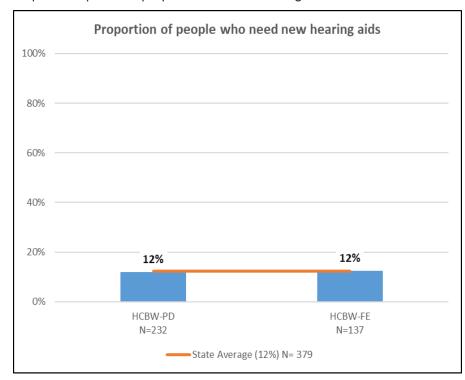
Graph 51. Proportion of people who need a new wheelchair



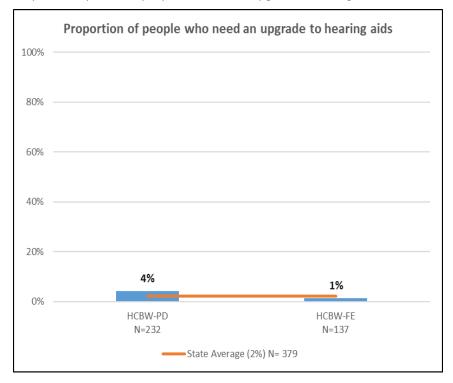
Graph 52. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to a wheelchair



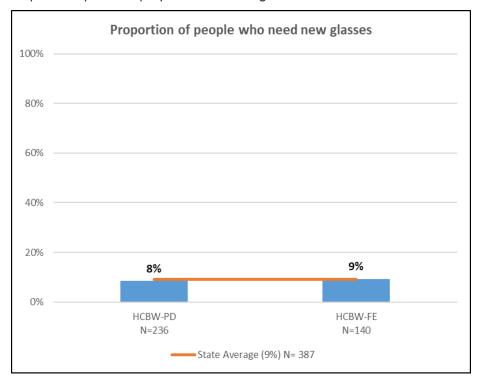
Graph 53. Proportion of people who need new hearing aids



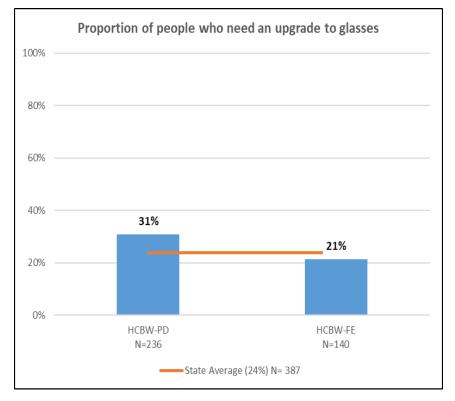
Graph 54. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to hearing aids



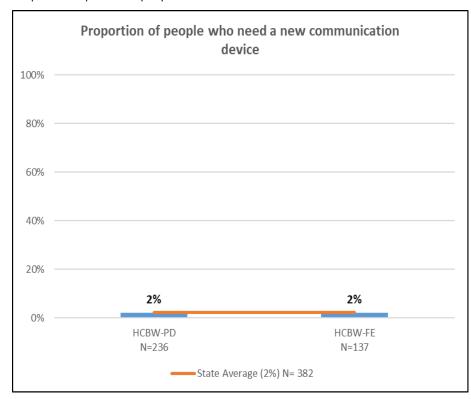
Graph 55. Proportion of people who need new glasses



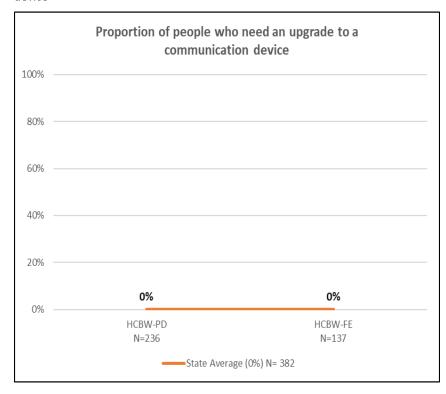
Graph 56. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to glasses



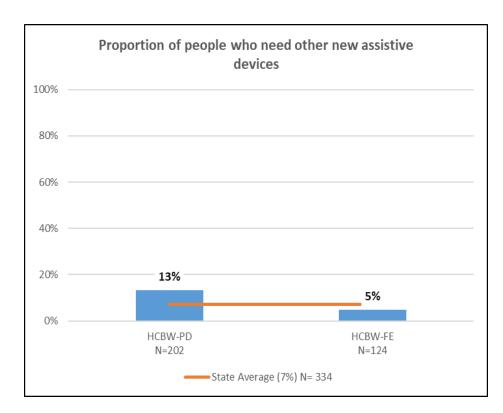
Graph 57. Proportion of people who need a new communication device



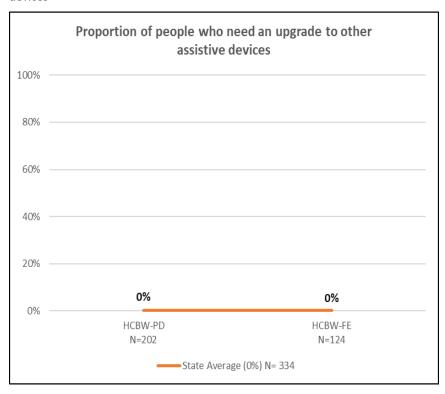
Graph 58. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to a communication device



Graph 59. Proportion of people who need other new assistive devices



Graph 60. Proportion of people who need an upgrade to other assistive devices



Safety

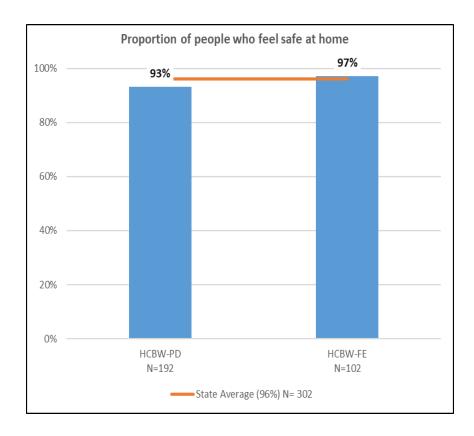
People feel safe from abuse, neglect, and injury.

There are five Safety indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

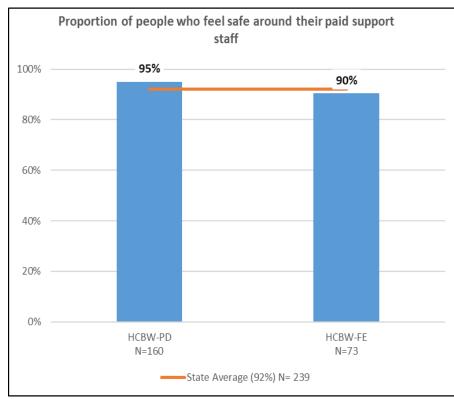
- 1. Proportion of people who feel safe at home.
- 2. Proportion of people who feel safe around their staff/ caregiver.
- 3. Proportion of people who feel that their belongings are safe.
- 4. Proportion of people whose fear of falling is managed.
- 5. Proportion of people who are able to get to safety quickly in case of an emergency.

There are seven survey items that correspond to the Safety domain.

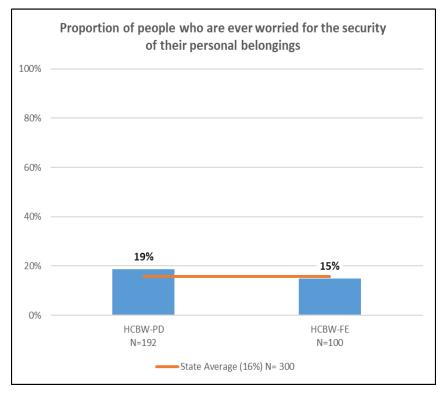
Graph 61. Proportion of people who feel safe at home



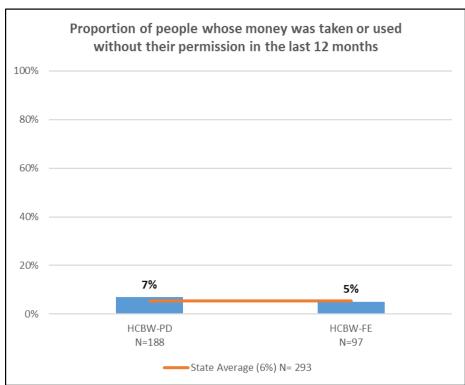
Graph 62. Proportion of people who feel safe around their paid support staff



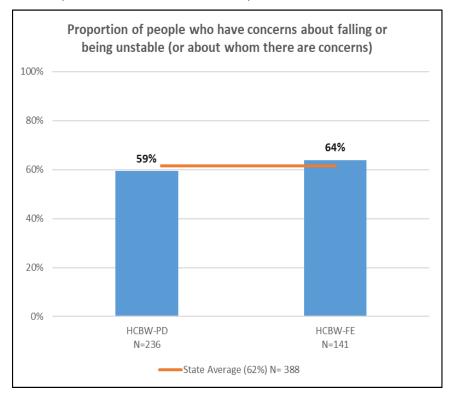
Graph 63. Proportion of people who are ever worried for the security of their personal belongings



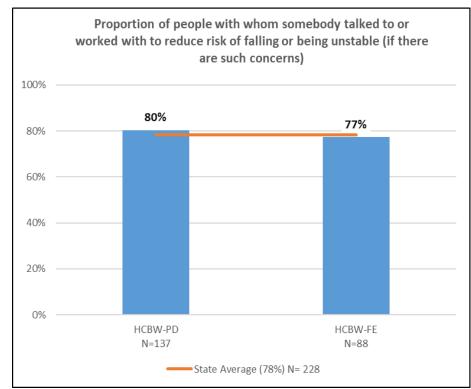
Graph 64. Proportion of people whose money was taken or used without their permission in the last 12 months



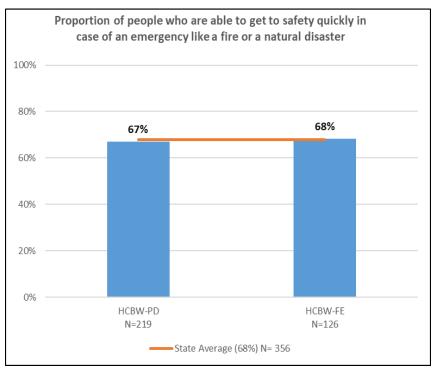
Graph 65. Proportion of people who have concerns about falling or being unstable (or about whom there are concerns)



Graph 66. Proportion of people with whom somebody talked to or worked with to reduce risk of falling or being unstable (if there are such concerns)



Graph 67. Proportion of people who are able to get to safety quickly in case of an emergency like a fire or a natural disaster



Health Care

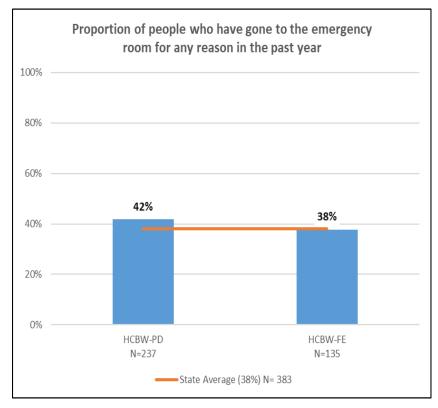
People secure needed health services.

There are four Health Care indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

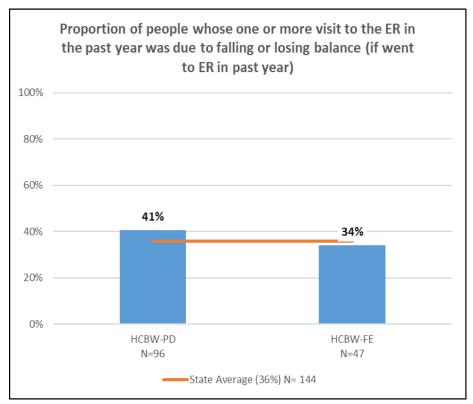
- 1. Proportion of people who have been to the ER in the past 12 months.
- 2. Proportion of people who have had needed health screenings and vaccinations in a timely manner (e.g., vision, hearing, dental, etc.)
- 3. Proportion of people who can get an appointment with their doctor when they need to.
- 4. Proportion of people who have access to mental health services when they need them.

There are four survey items that correspond to the Health Care domain.

Graph 68. Proportion of people who have gone to the emergency room for any reason in the past year 10



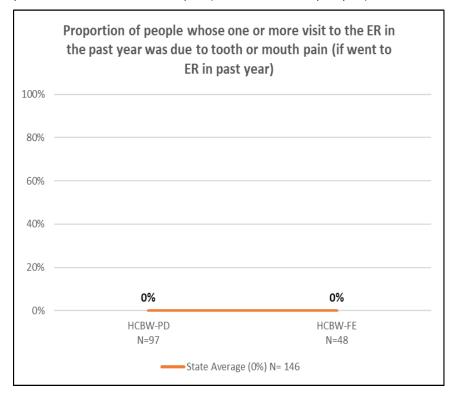
Graph 69. Proportion of people whose one or more visit to the ER in the past year was due to falling or losing balance (if went to ER in past year)¹¹



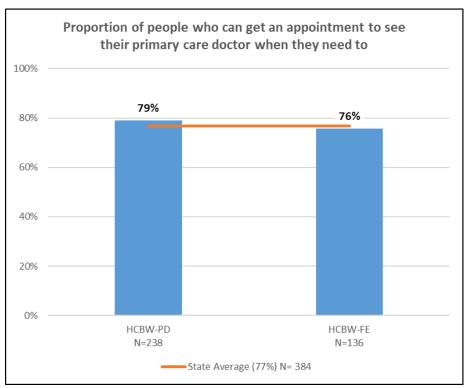
¹⁰ Question restructured

¹¹ Question restructured

Graph 70. Proportion of people whose one or more visit to the ER in the past year was due to tooth or mouth pain (if went to ER in the past year) 12

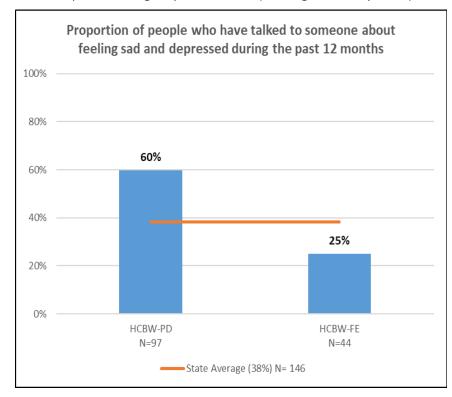


Graph 71. Proportion of people who can get an appointment to see their primary care doctor when they need to

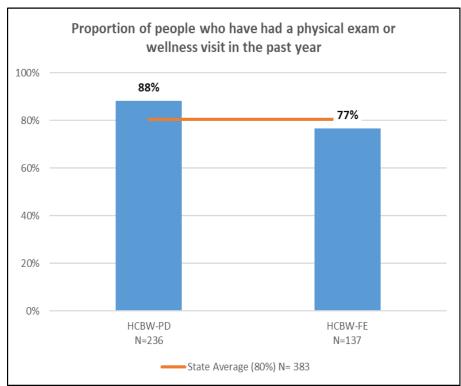


¹² Question restructured

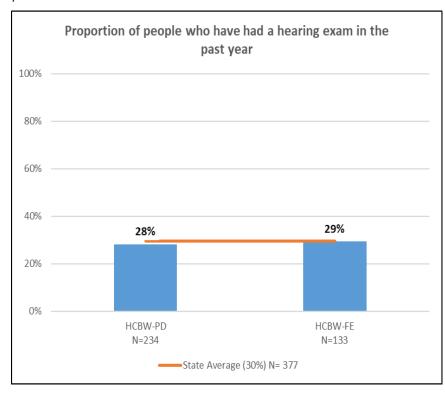
Graph 72. Proportion of people who have talked to someone about feeling sad and depressed during the past 12 months (if feeling sad and depressed)



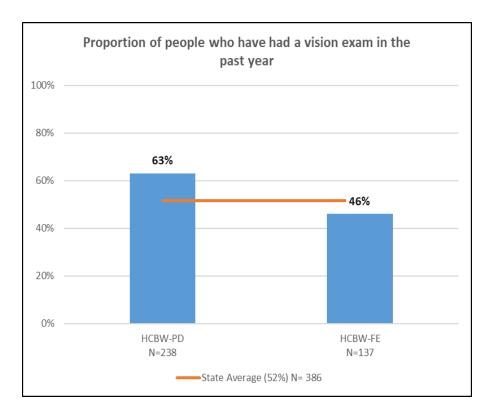
Graph 73. Proportion of people who have had a physical exam or wellness visit in the past year



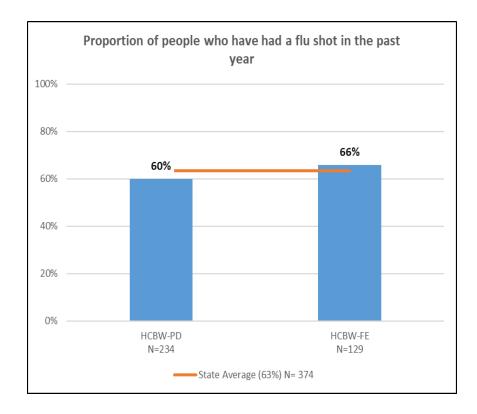
Graph 74. Proportion of people who have had a hearing exam in the past year



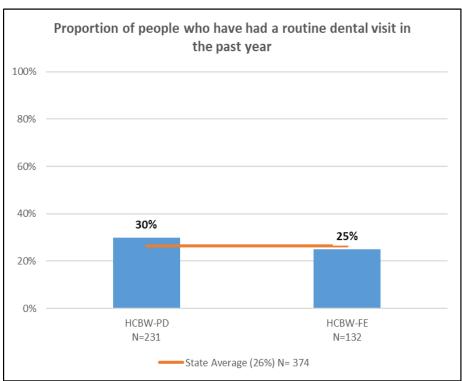
Graph 75. Proportion of people who have had a vision exam in the past year



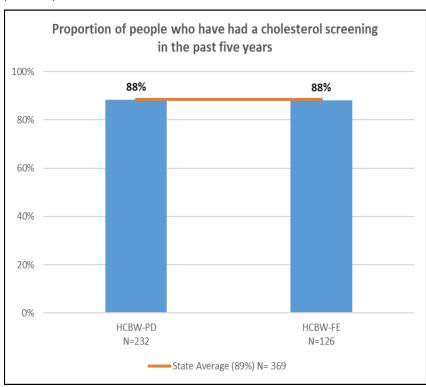
Graph 76. Proportion of people who have had a flu shot in the past year



Graph 77. Proportion of people who have had a routine dental visit in the past year



Graph 78. Proportion of people who have had a cholesterol screening in the past five years



Wellness

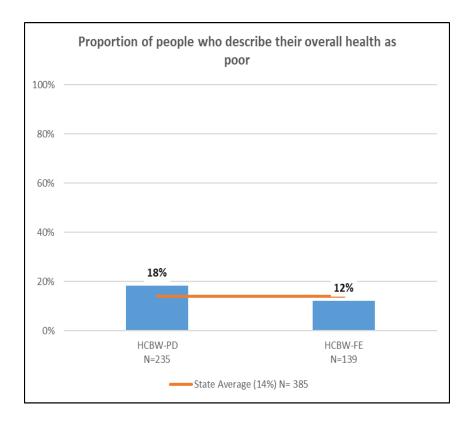
People are supported to maintain health.

There are seven Wellness indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

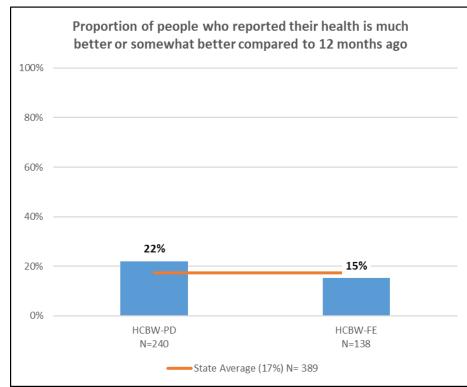
- 1. Proportion of people in poor health.
- 2. Proportion of people with unaddressed memory concerns.
- 3. Proportion of people with poor hearing.
- 4. Proportion of people with poor vision.
- 5. Proportion of people who have a chronic psychiatric or mental health diagnosis.
- 6. Proportion of people who often feel sad or depressed.
- 7. Proportion of people who have a chronic condition.

There are ten survey items that correspond to the Wellness domain.

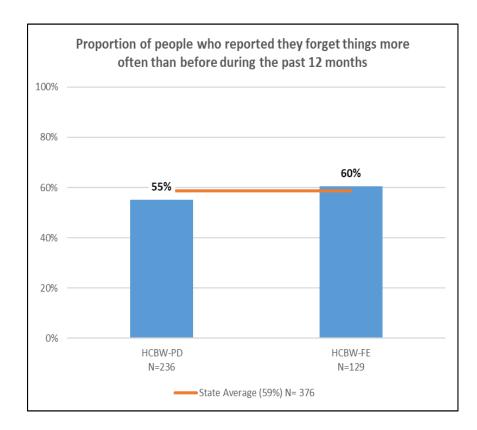
Graph 79. Proportion of people who describe their overall health as poor



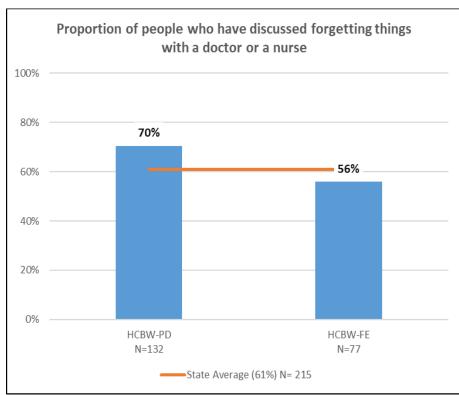
Graph 80. Proportion of people who reported their health is much better or somewhat better compared to 12 months ago



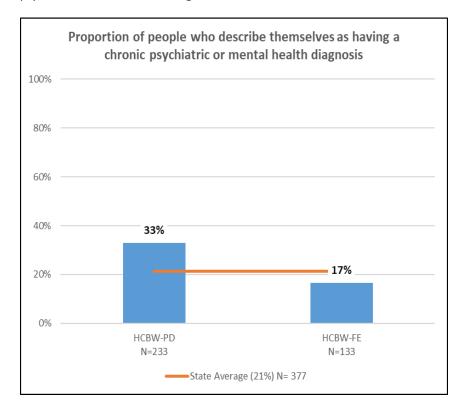
Graph 81. Proportion of people who reported they forget things more often than before during the past 12 months



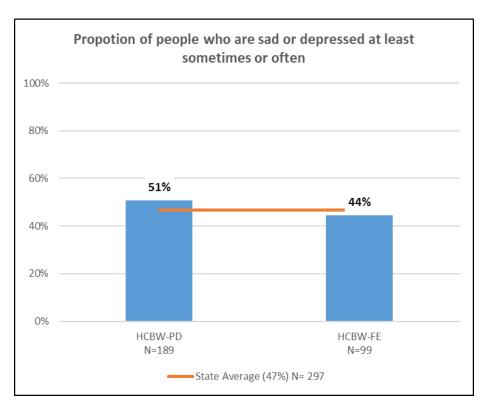
Graph 82. Proportion of people who have discussed (or somebody else discussed) their forgetting things with a doctor or a nurse (if forget things more often during the past 12 months)



Graph 83. Proportion of people who describe themselves as having a chronic psychiatric or mental health diagnosis¹³

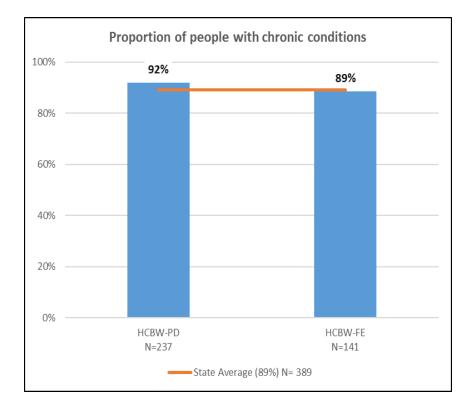


Graph 84. Proportion of people who feel sad or depressed at least sometimes or often

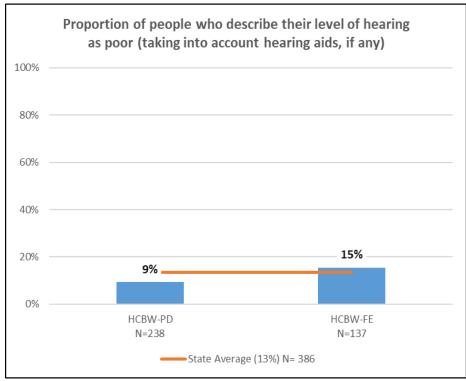


¹³ New variable

Graph 85. Proportion of people with chronic conditions

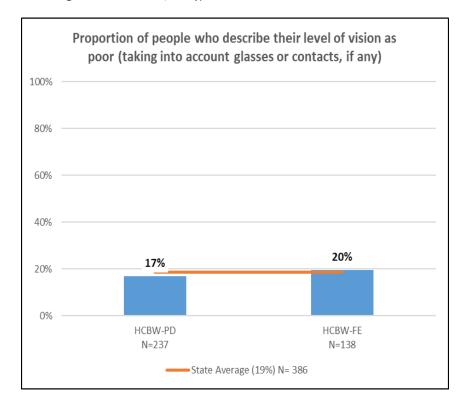


Graph 86. Proportion of people who describe their hearing as poor (taking into account hearing aids, if any)¹⁴

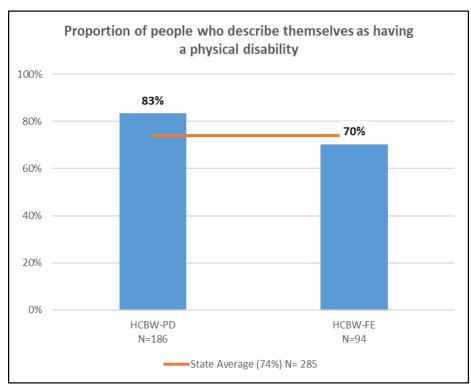


¹⁴ New variable

Graph 87. Proportion of people who describe their vision as poor (taking into account glasses or contacts, if any)¹⁵



Graph 88. Proportion of people who describe themselves as having a physical disability) 16



¹⁵ New variable

Medications

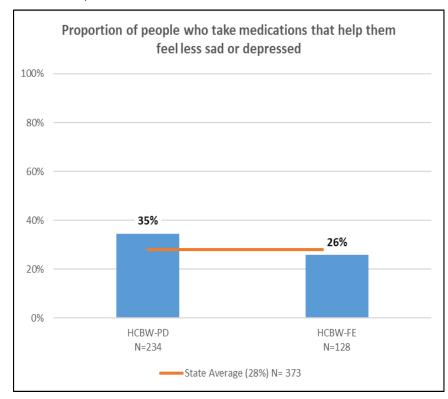
Medications are managed effectively and appropriately.

There are two Medication indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

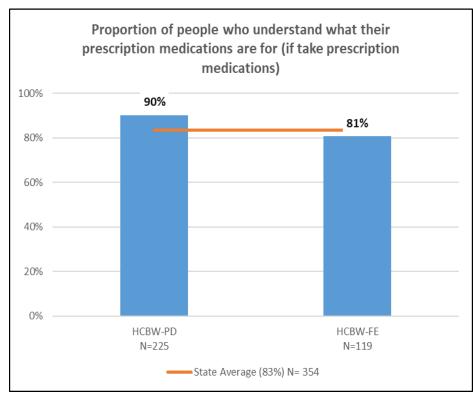
- 1. Proportion of people taking medications that help them feel less sad/depressed.
- 2. Proportion of people who know what their medications are for.

There are two survey items that correspond to the Medication domain.

Graph 89. Proportion of people who take medications that help them feel less sad or depressed



Graph 90. Proportion of people who understand what their prescription medications are for (if take prescription medications)



Rights and Respect

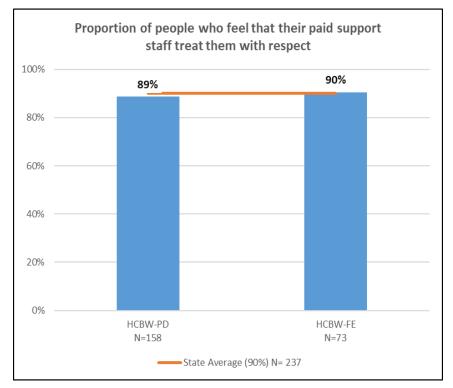
People receive the same respect and protections as others in the community.

There are two Rights and Respect indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

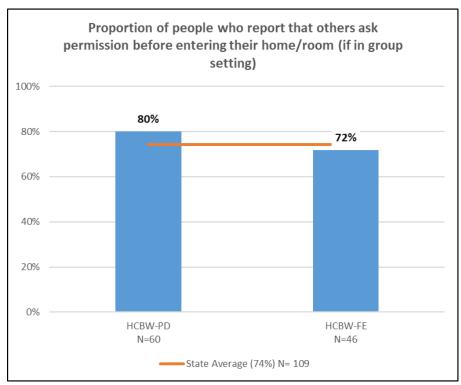
- 1. Proportion of people whose basic rights are respected by others.
- 2. Proportion of people whose staff/worker/caregiver treat them with respect.

There are eight survey items that correspond to the Rights and Respect domain.

Graph 91. Proportion of people who feel that their paid support staff treat them with respect

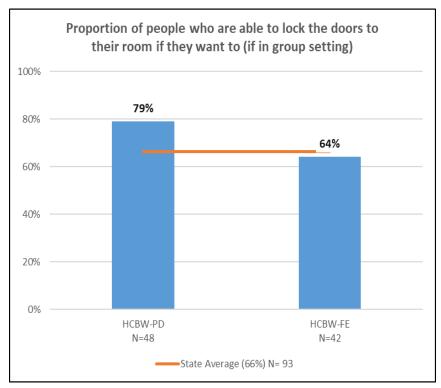


Graph 92. Proportion of people who report that others ask permission before entering their home/room (if in group setting)¹⁷

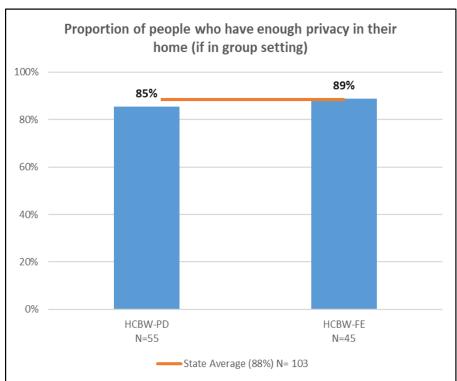


¹⁷ In 2015-2016, this question was asked of everyone; now in group setting only

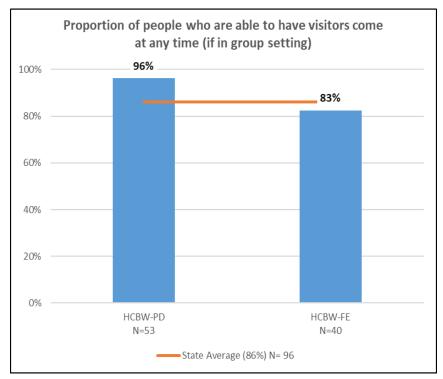
Graph 93. Proportion of people who are able to lock the doors to their room if they want to (if in group setting)



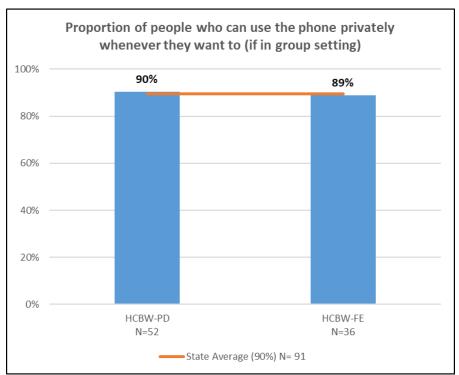
Graph 94. Proportion of people who have enough privacy in their home (if in group setting)



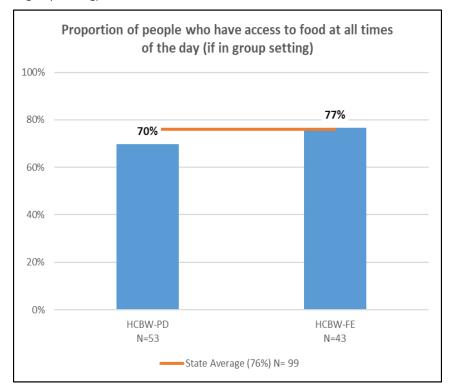
Graph 95. Proportion of people who are able to have visitors come at any time (if in group setting)



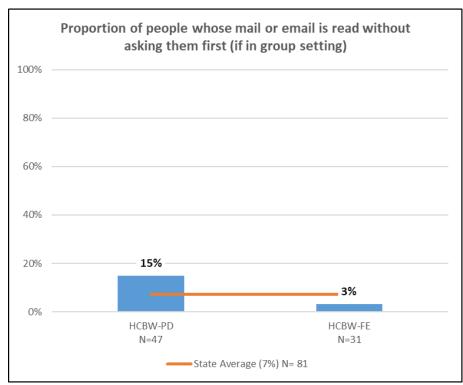
Graph 96. Proportion of people who can use the phone privately whenever they want to (if in group setting)



Graph 97. Proportion of people who have access to food at all times of day (if in group setting)



Graph 98. Proportion of people whose mail or email is read without asking them first (if in group setting)



Self-Direction of Care

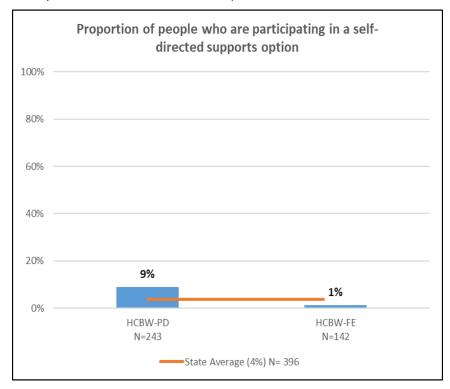
People have authority and are supported to direct and manage their own services.

There are two Self-Direction of Care indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

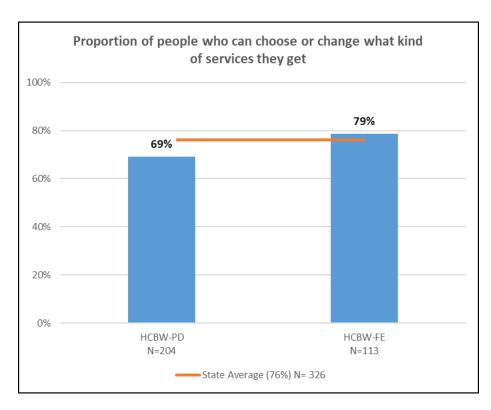
- 1. Proportion of people self-directing.
- 2. Proportion of people who can choose or change the kind of services they receive and who provides them.

There are four survey items that correspond to the Self-Direction of Care domain. Proportion of people self-directing is derived from state administrative records.

Graph 99. Proportion of people who are participating in a self-directed supports option (as defined by their State—data for this indicator come directly from State administrative records)

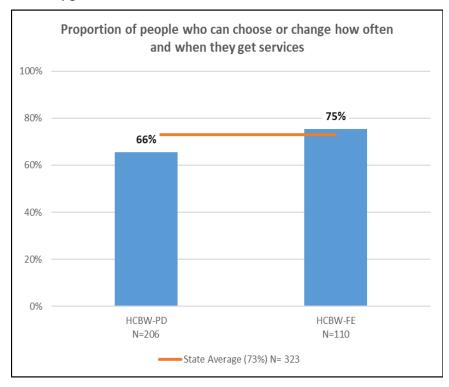


Graph 100. Proportion of people who can choose or change what kind of services they get^{18}

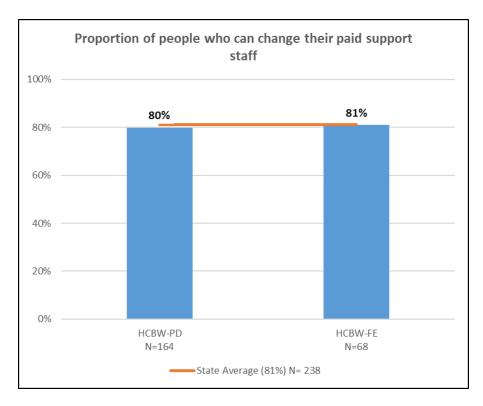


¹⁸ New variable

Graph 101. Proportion of people who can choose or change how often and when they get services¹⁹



Graph 102. Proportion of people who can change their paid support staff²⁰



¹⁹ New variable ²⁰ New variable

Work

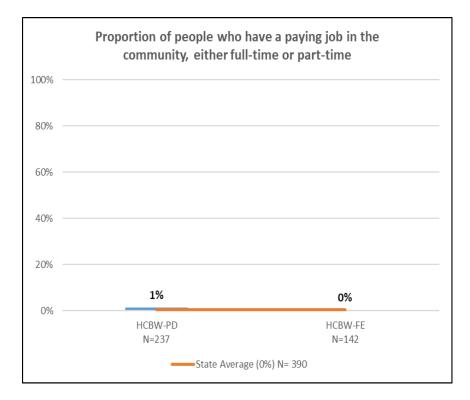
People have support to find and maintain community integrated employment if they want it.

There are five Work indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

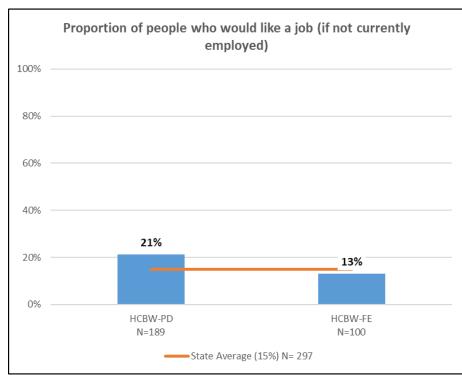
- 1. Proportion of people who have a paid job.
- 2. Proportion of people who would like a job.
- 3. Proportion of people who have had job search assistance.
- 4. Proportion of people who volunteer.
- 5. Proportion of people who would like to volunteer.

There are five survey items that correspond to the Work domain.

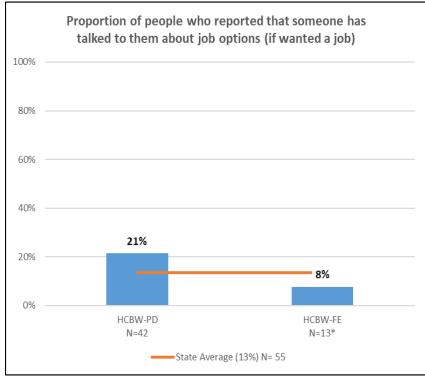
Graph 103. Proportion of people who have a paying job in the community



Graph 104. Proportion of people who would like a job (if not currently employed)

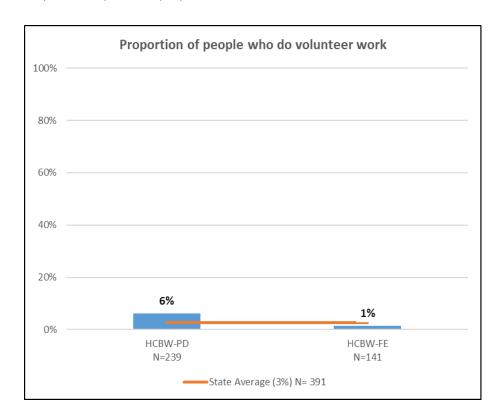


Graph 105. Proportion of people who reported that someone has talked to them about job options (if wanted a job)

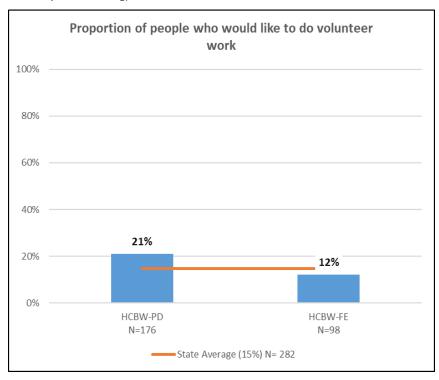


^{*} Very small number of responses

Graph 106. Proportion of people who do volunteer work



Graph 107. Proportion of people who would like to do volunteer work (if not currently volunteering) 21



²¹ New variable

Everyday Living

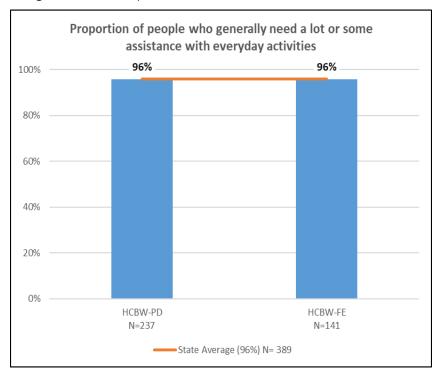
People have enough supports for everyday living.

There are two Everyday Living indicators measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

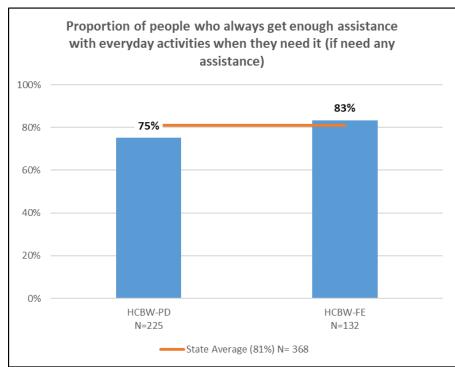
- 1. Proportion of people who have adequate support to perform activities of daily living (bathing, toileting, taking meds, etc.) and instrumental activities of daily living (cleaning, laundry, etc.)
- 2. Proportion of people who have access to healthy foods.

There are five survey items that correspond to the Everyday Living domain.

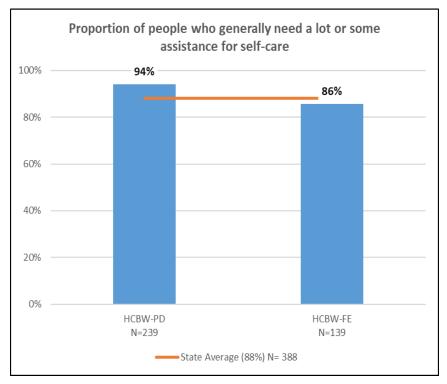
Graph 108. Proportion of people who generally need a lot or some assistance with everyday activities (things like preparing meals, housework, shopping or taking their medications)



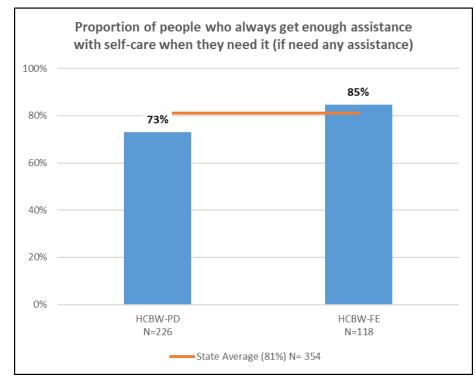
Graph 109. Proportion of people who always get enough assistance with everyday activities when they need it (if need any assistance) (things like preparing meals, housework, shopping or taking their medications)



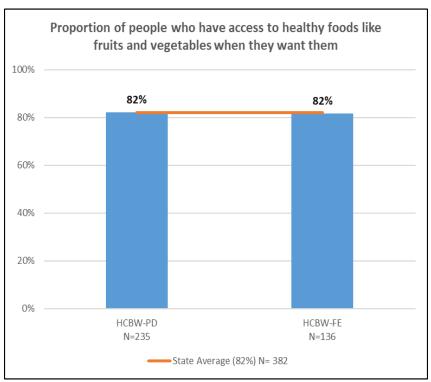
Graph 110. Proportion of people who generally need a lot or some assistance for self-care (things like bathing, dressing, going to the bathroom, eating, or moving around their home)



Graph 111. Proportion of people who always get enough assistance with self-care when they need it (if need any assistance) (things like bathing, dressing, going to the bathroom, eating, or moving around their home)



Graph 112. Proportion of people who have access to healthy foods like fruits and vegetables when they want them



Affordability

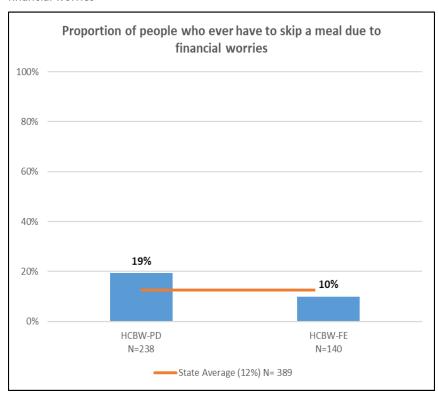
People have enough available resources.

There is one Affordability indicator measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

1. Proportion of people who have ever had to cut back on food because of money.

There is one survey item that corresponds to the Affordability domain.

Graph 113. Proportion of people who ever have to skip a meal due to financial worries



Planning for future

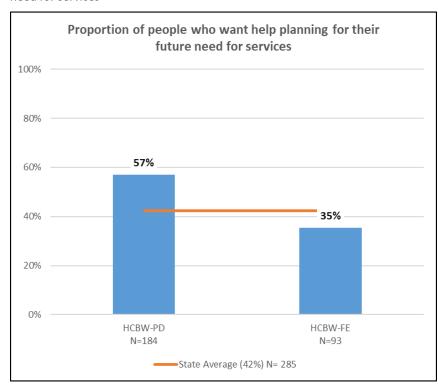
People have support to plan and make decision about the future.

There is one Planning for Future indicator measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

1. Proportion of people who want help planning for future need for services.

There is one survey item that corresponds to the Planning for Future domain.

Graph 114. Proportion of people who want help planning for their future need for services



Control

People feel in control of their lives

There is one Control indicator measured by the NCI-AD Adult Consumer Survey:

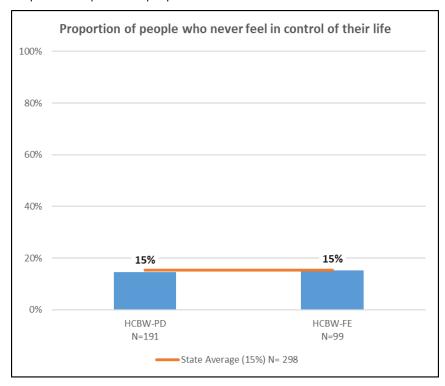
1. Proportion of people who feel in control of their lives.

There is one survey item that corresponds to the Control domain.

This section also includes presentation of results on a ranking of what is most important to people surveyed²².

²² Data shown in Appendix B only

Graph 115. Proportion of people who never feel in control of their life



Appendix A: Rules for Recoding and Collapsing Responses

Table A1 below details collapsing and recoding logic for items that were measured using anything other than a "Yes/No" binary response. The number in the third column refers to the graph number in the report where the item can be found. Unless otherwise stated, "don' know" and "unclear/refused" responses are excluded from both numerator and denominator.

Table A1. Outcome Variables – Collapsing Rules

Domain	Item	Graph #	Recoding/Collapsing Logic
Community Participation	Proportion of people who are as active in the community as they would like to be	1	Collapse "No" and "Sometimes"
	Proportion of people who get up and go to bed at the time they want	4	Collapse "Some days, sometimes" and "No, never"
Choice and Decision Making	Proportion of people who can eat their meals when they want	5	Collapse "Some days, sometimes" and "No, never"
	Proportion of people who are able to decide how to furnish and decorate their room (if in group setting)	6	Collapse "In most ways" and "Only in some ways, or not at all"
Relationships	Proportion of people who can always or almost always see or talk to friends and family when they want to (if there are friends and family who do not live with person)	7	Collapse "Most of the time, usually, or some family and/or friends" and "No, or rarely"
	Proportion of people who like where they are living	8	Collapse "In-between, most of the time" and "No"
	Proportion of people who would prefer to live somewhere else	9	Collapse "Yes" and "Maybe"
Satisfaction	Proportion of people who like how they usually spend their time during the day	10	Collapse "Some days, sometimes" and "No, never"
	Proportion of people whose paid support staff change too often	11	Collapse "Yes" and "Some, or sometimes"
	Proportion of people whose paid support staff do things the way they want them done	12	Collapse "Some, or usually" and "No, never or rarely"
Comice	Proportion of people who know whom to contact if they want to make changes to their services	13	Collapse "Not sure, maybe" and "No"
Service Coordination	Proportion of people who can reach their case manager/ care coordinator when they need to (if they know they have a case manager/ care coordinator)	14	Collapse "Most of the time, usually" and "No, or only sometimes"

Domain	Item	Graph #	Recoding/Collapsing Logic
	Proportion of people whose paid support staff show up and leave when they are supposed to	15	Collapse "Some, or usually" and "No, never or rarely"
	Proportion of people whose services meet all their needs and goals	18	Collapse "No, not at all, needs or goals are not met" and "Some needs and goals"
	Proportion of people whose family member (unpaid or paid) is the person who helps them most often	20	Collapse "Paid family member or spouse/partner" and "Unpaid family member or spouse/partner"
	Proportion of people whose family member (unpaid or paid) provides additional assistance	21	Add percentages for "Paid family member or spouse/partner" and "Unpaid family member or spouse/partner"
Care Coordination	Proportion of people who reported feeling comfortable and supported enough to go home after being discharged from a hospital or rehab facility (if occurred in the past year)	24	Collapse "No" and "In-between"
	Proportion of people who reported they know how to manage their chronic conditions	27	Collapse "No" and "In-between, or some conditions"
	Proportion of people who have transportation when they want to do things outside of their home	28	Collapse "No" and "Sometimes"
Access	Proportion of people who have transportation to get to medical appointments when they need to	29	Collapse "No" and "Sometimes"
	Proportion of people who receive information about their services in the language they prefer (if non-English)	30	Collapse "No" and "Some information"
Safety	Proportion of people who have concerns about falling or being unstable (or about whom there are concerns)	65	Collapse "Yes, often" and "Sometimes"
Health Care	Proportion of people who can get an appointment to see their primary care doctor when they need to	71	Collapse "Usually" and "No, rarely"
Wellness	Proportion of people who describe their overall health as poor	79	Collapse "Excellent", "Very good", "Good" and "Fair"

Domain	Item	Graph #	Recoding/Collapsing Logic
	Proportion of people whose who reported their health has gotten much better or somewhat better compared to 12 months ago	80	Collapse "Much better" and "Somewhat better"; Collapse "Much worse", "Somewhat worse" and "About the same"
	Proportion of people who feel sad or depressed at least sometimes or often	84	Collapse "Often" and "Sometimes"; Collapse "Not often" and "Never, or almost never"
	Proportion of people who describe their hearing as poor (taking into account hearing aids, if any)	86	Collapse "Very good" and "Fair"
	Proportion of people who describe their vision as poor (taking into account glasses or contacts, if any)	87	Collapse "Very good" and "Fair"
Medications	Proportion of people who understand why they take their prescription medications and what they are for (if take or are supposed to take prescription medications)	90	Collapse "No" and "In-between, or some medications"
	Proportion of people who feel that their paid support staff treat them with respect	91	Collapse "No, never or rarely" and "Some, or usually"
Rights and	Proportion of people who get asked permission before people enter their home/room (if in group setting)	92	Collapse "Sometimes, rarely or never" and "Usually, but not always"
Respect	Proportion of people who have enough privacy in their home (if in group setting)	94	Collapse "Sometimes, rarely or never" and "Usually, but not always"
	Proportion of people who can use the phone privately whenever they want to (if in group setting)	96	Collapse "No, never or rarely" and "Usually"
	Proportion of people who can choose or change what kind of services they get	100	Collapse "No" and "Sometimes, or some services"
Self-Direction of Care	Proportion of people who can choose or change how often and when they get services	101	Collapse "No" and "Sometimes, or some services"
	Proportion of people who can change their paid support staff	102	Collapse "No" and "Sometimes, or some services"
NA/o els	Proportion of people who would like a job (if not currently employed)	104	Collapse "Yes" and "Maybe, not sure"
Work	Proportion of people who would like to do volunteer work (if does not currently volunteer)	107	Collapse "Yes" and "Maybe, not sure"

Domain	Item	Graph #	Recoding/Collapsing Logic
	Proportion of people who generally need a lot or some assistance with everyday activities (Things like preparing meals, housework, shopping or taking their medications)	108	Collapse "A lot" and "Some"
Everyday Living	Proportion of people who generally need a lot or some assistance with self-care (Things like bathing, dressing, going to the bathroom, eating, or moving around their home)	110	Collapse "A lot" and "Some"
	Proportion of people who have access to healthy foods like fruits and vegetables when they want them	112	Collapse "No, never" and "Sometimes"
Affordability	Proportion of people who ever have to skin a meal due to		Collapse "Yes, often" and "Sometimes"
Control	Control Proportion of people who never feel in control of their life		Collapse "Yes, almost always, always" and "In-between, sometimes"

Appendix B: Un-Collapsed and Un-Weighted Data by Program

Demographic Tables

Table 1. Average age (reported for those under 90 years of age)

	Average Age	N
HCBW-PD	70.4	214
HCBW-FE	78.3	112
Unknown	77.0	7
Sample Average	73.2	333

Table 2. Proportion of individuals 90 years of age and over

	Under 90	90 and Over	N
HCBW-PD	88%	12%	243
HCBW-FE	79%	21%	142
Unknown	64%	36%	11
Sample Average	84%	16%	396

Table 3. Gender: proportion female

	Male	Female	Other	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	30%	70%	0%	0%	243
HCBW-FE	32%	68%	0%	0%	142
Unknown	18%	82%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	31%	69%	0%	0%	396

Table 4. Race and ethnicity

	American Indian or Alaska Native	Asian	Black or African American	Pacific Islander	White	Hispanic or Latino	Other	Don t know	N
HCBW-PD	1%	8%	17%	1%	66%	8%	0%	2%	242
HCBW-FE	1%	4%	7%	1%	75%	11%	0%	3%	142
Unknown	0%	0%	18%	0%	73%	18%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	1%	7%	13%	1%	69%	10%	0%	3%	395

Table 5. Marital status

	Single, Never Married	Married or Has Domestic Partner	Separated or Divorced	Widowed	Don't Know	N
HCBW-PD	30%	10%	28%	28%	4%	236
HCBW-FE	18%	9%	24%	45%	4%	141
Unknown	10%	10%	30%	50%	0%	10
Sample Average	25%	10%	27%	35%	4%	387

Table 6. Primary language

	English	Spanish	Other	Don t know	N
HCBW-PD	94%	4%	2%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	94%	4%	2%	0%	142
Unknown	91%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	94%	4%	2%	0%	394

Table 7. Preferred means of communication

	Spoken	Sign Language or Finger Spelling	Communication Aid or Device	Other	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	98%	0%	0%	1%	0%	243
HCBW-FE	98%	0%	0%	1%	1%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	98%	0%	0%	1%	1%	396

Table 8. Type of residential area²³

	Metropolitan	Micropolitan	Rural	Small town	Unknown	N
HCBW-PD	94%	4%	0%	1%	1%	243
HCBW-FE	89%	9%	0%	2%	0%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	92%	6%	0%	2%	1%	396

Table 9. Type of residence

	Own or Family Home	Group Home, Adult Family Home, Foster, Host Home	Assisted Living Facility, Residential Care Facility	Nursing Facility, Nursing Home	Homeless, Temporary Shelter	Other	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	62%	20%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	45%	38%	16%	0%	0%	1%	0%	141
Unknown	45%	36%	18%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	55%	27%	17%	0%	0%	1%	0%	391

²³ Categories created using zip codes and corresponding RUCA codes: Metropolitan - Metropolitan area core, high commuting low commuting; Micropolitan - Micropolitan area core, high commuting; Rural lown - Small town core, high commuting; Rural

Table 10. Who the person lives with

	Alone	Spouse or Partner	Other Family	Friend(s)	Live in PCA	Others (not family, friend, or PCA)	N
HCBW-PD	34%	8%	24%	3%	6%	31%	235
HCBW-FE	22%	7%	20%	1%	13%	52%	141
Unknown	10%	10%	10%	10%	0%	60%	10
Sample Average	29%	8%	22%	2%	8%	40%	386

Table 11. Proportion of people whose address changed in the past 6 months

	No	Yes	N
HCBW-PD	94%	6%	237
HCBW-FE	85%	15%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	10
Sample Average	91%	9%	389

Table 12. Where the person moved from (if address changed in the past 6 months)

	Own or Family Home	Group Home, Adult Family Home, Foster, Host Home	Assisted Living Facility, Residential Care Facility	Nursing Facility, Nursing Home	Homeless, Temporary Shelter	Other	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	36%	29%	21%	0%	0%	7%	7%	14
HCBW-FE	50%	32%	5%	9%	0%	0%	5%	22
Unknown	44%	31%	11%	6%	0%	3%	6%	36
Sample Average	36%	29%	21%	0%	0%	7%	7%	14

Table 13. Proportion of people with diagnosis of Physical Disability

	No	Yes	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	29%	71%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	78%	22%	0%	141
Unknown	25%	75%	0%	8
Sample Average	47%	53%	0%	386

Table 14. Proportion of people with diagnosis of Alzheimer's or other dementia

	No	Yes	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	76%	24%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	41%	59%	0%	139
Unknown	63%	38%	0%	8
Sample Average	63%	37%	0%	384

Table 15. Proportion of people with diagnosis of Traumatic or Acquired Brain Injury

	No	Yes	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	93%	7%	0%	235
HCBW-FE	98%	2%	0%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	7
Sample Average	95%	5%	0%	384

Table 16. Proportion of people with diagnosis of Intellectual or Developmental Disability

	No	Yes	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	96%	3%	1%	237
HCBW-FE	99%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	7
Sample Average	97%	3%	1%	386

Table 17. Level of mobility

	Non ambulatory	Moves Self with Wheelchair	Moves Self with Other Aids	Moves Self Without Aids	Don t know	N
HCBW-PD	15%	41%	68%	21%	0%	238
HCBW-FE	4%	34%	73%	28%	1%	141
Unknown	14%	29%	71%	29%	0%	7
Sample Average	11%	38%	70%	24%	0%	386

Table 18. History of frequent falls

	No	Yes	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	76%	24%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	86%	13%	1%	142
Unknown	75%	25%	0%	8
Sample Average	79%	20%	1%	391

Table 19. Receives Medicare

	No	Yes	N
HCBW-PD	43%	54%	235
HCBW-FE	35%	65%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	4
Sample Average	41%	58%	381

Community Participation- un-collapsed tables

Table 20. Proportion of people who are as active in the community as they would like to be

	No	Sometimes	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	51%	12%	36%	1%	1%	190
HCBW-FE	54%	9%	31%	1%	5%	102
Unknown	50%	25%	25%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	52%	11%	34%	1%	2%	300

Table 21a. Reasons that people are not as active in the community as they would like to be

	Cost or Money	Transportation	Accessibility or Lack of Equipment	Health Limitations	Not Enough Support	N
HCBW-PD	25%	36%	25%	73%	19%	118
HCBW-FE	20%	34%	17%	55%	8%	64
Unknown	40%	40%	60%	60%	0%	5
Sample Average	24%	35%	23%	66%	14%	187

Table 21b. Reasons that people are not as active in the community as they would like to be (continued)

	Feeling Unwelcome in Community	Feeling Unsafe	No Community Activities Outside of Home	Lack of Information, or Doesn't Know What s Available	Other	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	6%	2%	8%	12%	7%	3%	0%	118
HCBW-FE	3%	5%	3%	8%	36%	3%	0%	64
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%	0%	0%	5
Sample Average	5%	3%	6%	10%	17%	3%	0%	187

Table 22. Proportion of people who have tried to leave the house to go somewhere in the past week and have not been able to

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	84%	14%	1%	1%	184
HCBW-FE	86%	9%	3%	2%	100
Unknown	86%	14%	0%	0%	7
Sample Average	85%	12%	1%	1%	291

Choice and Decision Making— un-collapsed

Table 23. Proportion of people who are able to choose their roommate (if in group setting)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	78%	22%	0%	0%	36
HCBW-FE	74%	7%	7%	11%	27
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	77%	15%	3%	5%	66

Table 24. Proportion of people who get up and go to bed at the time when they want

	No, Never	Some Days, Sometimes	Yes, Always, Or Almost Always	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	5%	7%	88%	0%	0%	189
HCBW-FE	3%	6%	88%	1%	2%	101
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	4%	6%	88%	0%	1%	298

Table 25. Proportion of people who can eat their meals when they want

	No, Never	Some Days, Sometimes	Yes, Always, Or Almost Always	N/A Person Unable to Eat Due to Medical Condition	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	9%	10%	80%	1%	0%	0%	191
HCBW-FE	22%	6%	69%	0%	0%	3%	101
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	13%	8%	77%	0%	0%	1%	300

Table 26. Proportion of people who are able to decide how to furnish and decorate their room (if in group setting)

	No	In between, Able to Decide Some Ways	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	6%	6%	87%	2%	0%	54
HCBW-FE	6%	20%	61%	10%	2%	49
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	6%	12%	75%	6%	1%	106

Relationships- un-collapsed

Table 27. Proportion of people who can always or almost always see or talk to friends and family when they want to

	No, or Only Sometimes	Most of the Time, Usually, or Some Family and/or Friends	Yes, Always, or Chooses Not to	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	4%	7%	87%	0%	3%	193
HCBW-FE	6%	10%	75%	6%	3%	87
Unknown	0%	11%	89%	0%	0%	9
Sample Average	4%	8%	83%	2%	3%	289

Table 28. Reasons people cannot always see friends/family

	Availability of Transportation	Accessibility	Staffing or Personal Assistance Unavailable	Health Limitations	Someone Prevents Them or There are Restrictions	Other	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	19%	33%	0%	38%	10%	19%	5%	21
HCBW-FE	23%	15%	0%	8%	0%	54%	23%	13
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1
Sample Average	23%	26%	0%	26%	6%	31%	11%	35

Satisfaction- un-collapsed

Table 29. Proportion of people who like where they are living

	No	In between, Most of the Time	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	7%	12%	69%	6%	7%	239
HCBW-FE	7%	8%	68%	9%	9%	137
Unknown	9%	27%	55%	9%	0%	11
Sample Average	7%	11%	68%	7%	7%	387

Table 30a. Reasons for not liking where people live

	Accessibility	Neighborhood	Feels Unsafe in Home	Home or Building Needs Repairs or Upkeep	Does Not Feel Like Home	N
HCBW-PD	18%	5%	2%	11%	27%	44
HCBW-FE	10%	5%	10%	10%	0%	20
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	4
Sample Average	15%	4%	4%	10%	21%	68

Table 30b. Reasons for not liking where people live (continued)

	Layout or Size of Home or Building	Problems With Neighbors, Residents, Housemates, or Roommates	Problems With Staff	Insufficient Amount or Type of Staff	Wants More Independence and Control	N
HCBW-PD	7%	11%	11%	2%	2%	44
HCBW-FE	10%	15%	25%	5%	25%	20
Unknown	25%	25%	0%	0%	0%	4
Sample Average	9%	13%	15%	3%	9%	68

Table 30c. Reasons for not liking where people live (continued)

	Wants More Privacy	Wants to Be Closer to Family or Friends	Feels Isolated From Community or Feels Lonely	Other	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	7%	0%	7%	36%	2%	2%	44
HCBW-FE	0%	10%	5%	50%	5%	0%	20
Unknown	0%	25%	0%	25%	0%	0%	4
Sample Average	4%	4%	6%	40%	3%	1%	68

Table 31. Proportion of people who would prefer to live somewhere else

	No	Maybe	Yes	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	56%	7%	26%	12%	234
HCBW-FE	57%	10%	16%	17%	133
Unknown	73%	0%	27%	0%	11
Sample Average	57%	8%	22%	13%	378

Table 32a. Where people would prefer to live (if would prefer to live somewhere else)

	Different Own Home	Family Member s Home	Assisted Living	Group Home, Adult Family Home, Shared Living	N
HCBW-PD	55%	10%	17%	0%	77
HCBW-FE	41%	9%	15%	0%	34
Unknown	33%	67%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	50%	11%	16%	0%	114

Table 32b. Where people would prefer to live (if would prefer to live somewhere else, continued)

	Nursing Facility	Other	Don't Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	0%	13%	4%	1%	77
HCBW-FE	0%	21%	15%	0%	34
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	0%	15%	7%	1%	114

Table 33. Proportion of people who like how they usually spend their time during the day

	No, Never	Some Days, Sometimes	Yes, Always, or Almost Always	Don't Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	15%	33%	52%	1%	0%	192
HCBW-FE	5%	19%	73%	1%	2%	100
Unknown	13%	25%	63%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	11%	28%	59%	1%	1%	300

Table 34. Proportion of people whose paid support staff change too often

	No	Some or Sometimes	Yes	Paid Support Person(s) are Live in	Don't Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	69%	16%	13%	1%	1%	1%	159
HCBW-FE	58%	8%	14%	4%	15%	1%	74
Unknown	83%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	66%	13%	13%	2%	5%	1%	239

Table 35. Proportion of people whose paid support staff do things the way they want them done

	No, Never or Rarely	Some, or Usually	Yes, All Paid Support Workers, Always or Almost Always	Don't Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	3%	14%	82%	1%	0%	158
HCBW-FE	7%	11%	81%	1%	0%	74
Unknown	17%	17%	67%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	4%	13%	82%	1%	0%	238

Service Coordination- un-collapsed

Table 36. Proportion of people who know whom to contact if they want to make changes to their services

	No	Maybe, Not Sure	Yes	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	12%	13%	73%	1%	233
HCBW-FE	14%	17%	67%	1%	138
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	10
Sample Average	13%	14%	72%	1%	381

Table 37. Proportion of people who can reach their case manager/care coordinator when they need to (if know they have case manager/care coordinator)

	No, or Only Sometimes	Most of the Time, Usually	Yes, Always	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	4%	10%	84%	2%	0%	206
HCBW-FE	4%	7%	82%	6%	0%	124
Unknown	0%	13%	88%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	4%	9%	83%	4%	0%	338

Table 38. Proportion of people whose paid support staff show up and leave when they are supposed to

	No, Never Or Rarely	Some, Or Usually	Yes, All Paid Support Workers, Always, Or Almost Always	Paid Support Person/S Are Live In	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	3%	10%	83%	3%	1%	0%	174
HCBW-FE	5%	5%	64%	11%	15%	0%	84
Unknown	0%	17%	83%	0%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	3%	9%	77%	5%	6%	0%	264

Table 39. Proportion of people who have an emergency plan in place

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	48%	50%	1%	1%	240
HCBW-FE	40%	49%	9%	2%	142
Unknown	36%	64%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	45%	50%	4%	2%	393

Table 40. Proportion of people who want help planning for their future need for services

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	42%	56%	2%	0%	188
HCBW-FE	59%	33%	8%	0%	101
Unknown	50%	50%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	48%	48%	4%	0%	297

Table 41. Proportion of people whose services meet all their needs and goals

	No, Not At All, Needs Or Goals Are Not Met	Some Needs And Goals	Yes, Completely, All Needs And Goals	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	12%	30%	58%	0%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	8%	25%	63%	3%	1%	136
Unknown	10%	20%	70%	0%	0%	10
Sample Average	10%	28%	60%	1%	0%	386

Table 42a. Additional services that may help if not all needs and goals are met

	Personal Care Assistance, Personal Care Services	Home Maker or Chore Services	Healthcare Home Services, Home Health	Home Delivered Meals	N
HCBW-PD	50%	44%	28%	29%	101
HCBW-FE	47%	44%	33%	20%	45
Unknown	33%	0%	33%	33%	3
Sample Average	48%	43%	30%	26%	149

Table 42b. Additional services that may help if not all needs and goals are met (continued)

	Adult Day Services	Transportation	Respite or Family Caregiver Support	Health Care	Mental Health Care	N
HCBW-PD	19%	37%	17%	23%	12%	101
HCBW-FE	27%	38%	24%	20%	9%	45
Unknown	0%	0%	33%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	21%	36%	19%	21%	11%	149

Table 42c. Additional services that may help if not all needs and goals are met (continued)

	Dental Care	Housing Assistance	Heating/Cooling Assistance	Hospice	Funeral Planning	Other	N
HCBW-PD	30%	48%	29%	13%	16%	43%	101
HCBW-FE	38%	38%	20%	20%	24%	31%	45
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	3
Sample Average	32%	44%	26%	15%	18%	40%	149

Table 43. Proportion of people whose case manager/care coordinator talked to them about services that might help with unmet needs and goals (if have case manager and have unmet needs and goals)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	42%	54%	3%	0%	90
HCBW-FE	20%	65%	16%	0%	51
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	2
Sample Average	35%	57%	8%	0%	143

Table 44a. How people first find out about the services available to them

	Friend	Family	Area Agency on Aging, Aging and Disability Resource Center	Center for Independent Living	State, County Agency	Case Manager, Care Coordinator	N
HCBW-PD	10%	28%	3%	1%	23%	9%	205
HCBW-FE	7%	29%	4%	0%	22%	11%	112
Unknown	11%	33%	0%	0%	11%	11%	9
Sample Average	9%	29%	3%	1%	22%	10%	326

Table 44b. How people first find out about the services available to them (continued)

	Doctor	Other Provider	Other	N
HCBW-PD	7%	24%	9%	205
HCBW-FE	9%	25%	9%	112
Unknown	22%	11%	0%	9
Sample Average	8%	24%	9%	326

Table 45a. Who helps them most often

	Paid Support Worker Who Is Not a Friend Or Relative	Paid Family Member Or Spouse or Partner	Paid Friend	Unpaid Family Member Or Spouse or Partner	N
HCBW-PD	75%	8%	0%	14%	217
HCBW-FE	80%	6%	0%	13%	119
Unknown	89%	0%	0%	11%	9
Sample Average	77%	7%	0%	14%	345

Table 45b. Who helps them most often (continued)

	Unpaid Friend Or Volunteer	Other	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	2%	0%	0%	0%	217
HCBW-FE	0%	0%	1%	0%	119
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	9
Sample Average	1%	0%	0%	0%	345

Table 46. Who else helps

	Paid Support Worker Who Is Not a Friend Or Relative	Paid Family Member, Spouse or Partner	Paid Friend	Unpaid Family Member, Spouse or Partner	Unpaid Friend Or Volunteer	Other	No One Else Provides Support	N
HCBW-PD	38%	4%	0%	35%	6%	0%	19%	201
HCBW-FE	21%	3%	2%	28%	7%	3%	45%	117
Unknown	38%	0%	0%	63%	0%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	32%	4%	1%	33%	6%	1%	28%	326

Care Coordination- un-collapsed

Table 47. Proportion of people who stayed overnight in a hospital or rehabilitation facility (and were discharged to go home) in past year

	Yes	No	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	70%	30%	0%	0%	235
HCBW-FE	74%	22%	4%	0%	141
Unknown	91%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	72%	26%	2%	0%	387

Table 48. Proportion of people who reported feeling comfortable and supported enough to go home after being discharged from a hospital or rehabilitation facility (if occurred in the past year)

	No	In between	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	13%	10%	74%	3%	0%	70
HCBW-FE	3%	3%	93%	0%	0%	30
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	1
Sample Average	10%	8%	80%	2%	0%	101

Table 49. Proportion of people who reported someone followed-up with them after discharge from a hospital or rehabilitation facility (if occurred in the past year)

	No	Yes	Did Not Need Or Want Follow Up Care	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	21%	76%	0%	3%	0%	67
HCBW-FE	13%	81%	0%	6%	0%	31
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	1
Sample Average	18%	78%	0%	4%	0%	99

Table 50. Proportion of people who reported having one or more chronic condition(s)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	8%	91%	1%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	11%	88%	0%	1%	142
Unknown	27%	73%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	10%	90%	1%	0%	392

Table 51. Proportion of people who reported know how to manage their chronic condition(s)

	No	In between	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	5%	10%	84%	0%	0%	214
HCBW-FE	3%	17%	79%	1%	0%	123
Unknown	13%	0%	88%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	5%	12%	82%	0%	0%	345

Access—un-collapsed

Table 52. Proportion of people who have transportation when they want to do things outside of their home

	No	Sometimes	Yes	Does Not Want to	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	20%	14%	55%	8%	3%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	26%	6%	54%	11%	2%	0%	141
Unknown	9%	9%	73%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	22%	11%	55%	9%	2%	0%	389

Table 53. Proportion of people who have transportation to get to medical appointments when they need to

	No	Sometimes	Yes	Doesn t Go to Medical Appointments	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	8%	6%	72%	13%	1%	0%	238
HCBW-FE	8%	6%	72%	11%	2%	0%	142
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	8%	6%	73%	12%	1%	0%	391

Table 54. Proportion of people who receive information about their services in the language they prefer (if non-English)

	No	Some Information	Yes, All Information	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	5%	12%	82%	1%	0%	101
HCBW-FE	14%	33%	48%	5%	0%	21
Unknown	0%	25%	75%	0%	0%	4
Sample Average	6%	16%	76%	2%	0%	126

Table 55. Proportion of people who need grab bars in the bathroom or elsewhere in home

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	13%	58%	12%	15%	1%	0%	242
HCBW-FE	6%	77%	5%	11%	1%	1%	142
Unknown	9%	55%	9%	27%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	10%	65%	10%	14%	1%	0%	395

Table 56. Proportion of people who need bathroom modifications (other than grab bars)

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	14%	58%	14%	14%	0%	0%	243
HCBW-FE	20%	61%	10%	8%	0%	0%	142
Unknown	9%	64%	0%	27%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	16%	59%	12%	12%	0%	0%	396

Table 57. Proportion of people who need a specialized bed

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	41%	27%	8%	22%	2%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	57%	27%	4%	11%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	45%	36%	0%	18%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	47%	27%	7%	18%	1%	0%	390

Table 58. Proportion of people who need a ramp or stair lift in or outside the home

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	54%	37%	1%	7%	0%	0%	242
HCBW-FE	32%	53%	2%	13%	0%	0%	142
Unknown	55%	27%	0%	18%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	46%	42%	2%	10%	0%	0%	395

Table 59. Proportion of people who need a remote monitoring system

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	83%	0%	3%	11%	2%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	89%	0%	4%	6%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10
Sample Average	85%	0%	3%	9%	2%	0%	393

Table 60. Proportion of people who need an emergency response system

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	33%	48%	7%	12%	0%	0%	242
HCBW-FE	56%	33%	5%	5%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	45%	45%	0%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	42%	42%	6%	9%	1%	0%	395

Table 61. Proportion of people who need other home modifications

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	78%	2%	0%	14%	6%	0%	217
HCBW-FE	83%	2%	0%	7%	7%	0%	134
Unknown	80%	0%	0%	10%	10%	0%	10
Sample Average	80%	2%	0%	11%	6%	0%	361

Table 62. Proportion of people who need a walker

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	33%	47%	19%	1%	0%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	30%	57%	6%	6%	0%	0%	142
Unknown	18%	55%	27%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	32%	51%	15%	3%	0%	0%	393

Table 63. Proportion of people who need a scooter

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	62%	10%	5%	23%	0%	0%	238
HCBW-FE	77%	5%	3%	14%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	91%	9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	68%	8%	4%	19%	1%	0%	391

Table 64. Proportion of people who need a cane

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	62%	29%	5%	4%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	65%	27%	2%	5%	0%	1%	141
Unknown	82%	18%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	64%	28%	4%	4%	0%	0%	391

Table 65. Proportion of people who need a wheelchair

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	35%	34%	15%	15%	0%	0%	235
HCBW-FE	46%	38%	4%	11%	0%	1%	142
Unknown	55%	27%	18%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	40%	35%	11%	13%	0%	0%	388

Table 66. Proportion of people who need hearing aids

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	72%	10%	4%	12%	3%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	70%	13%	1%	12%	3%	1%	142
Unknown	70%	20%	0%	10%	0%	0%	10
Sample Average	71%	11%	3%	12%	3%	0%	391

Table 67. Proportion of people who need glasses

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	23%	37%	31%	8%	0%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	22%	46%	21%	9%	1%	1%	142
Unknown	27%	45%	18%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	23%	41%	27%	9%	1%	0%	390

Table 68. Proportion of people who need a communication device

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	95%	3%	0%	2%	0%	0%	236
HCBW-FE	92%	2%	0%	2%	3%	1%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	9
Sample Average	94%	3%	0%	2%	1%	0%	387

Table 69. Proportion of people who need other assistive devices

	Does Not Need	Has One, And Doesn t Need Upgrade	Has One, But Needs Upgrade	Needs One	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	78%	3%	0%	13%	6%	0%	214
HCBW-FE	86%	1%	0%	4%	7%	1%	135
Unknown	78%	0%	0%	11%	11%	0%	9
Sample Average	81%	3%	0%	9%	6%	0%	358

Safety—un-collapsed

Table 70. Proportion of people who feel safe at home

	Rarely or Never	Always or Most of the Time	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	7%	93%	1%	0%	193
HCBW-FE	3%	97%	0%	0%	102
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	5%	94%	0%	0%	303

Table 71. Proportion of people who feel safe around their paid support staff

	No, Not Always or Not All Paid Support Workers	Yes, All Paid Support Workers, Always	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	5%	94%	1%	0%	161
HCBW-FE	9%	89%	1%	0%	74
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	6%	93%	1%	0%	241

Table 72. Proportion of people who are ever worried for the security of their personal belongings

	No, Never	Yes, At Least Sometimes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	81%	19%	1%	0%	193
HCBW-FE	84%	15%	0%	1%	101
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	82%	17%	0%	0%	302

Table 73. Proportion of people whose money was taken or used without their permission in the last 12 months

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	91%	7%	2%	0%	192
HCBW-FE	90%	5%	4%	1%	102
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	91%	6%	3%	0%	302

Table 74. Proportion of people who have concerns about falling or being unstable (or about whom there are concerns)

	No	Sometimes	Yes, Often	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	40%	11%	48%	1%	0%	238
HCBW-FE	36%	22%	42%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	73%	0%	27%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	40%	15%	45%	1%	0%	391

Table 75. Proportion of people with whom somebody talked to or worked with to reduce risk of falling or being unstable (if there are such concerns)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	19%	79%	1%	1%	139
HCBW-FE	22%	75%	3%	0%	91
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	20%	78%	2%	0%	233

Table 76. Proportion of people who are able to get to safety quickly in case of an emergency like a fire or a natural disaster

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	30%	61%	8%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	28%	61%	11%	0%	141
Unknown	36%	64%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	30%	61%	9%	0%	392

Health Care—un-collapsed

Table 77. Proportion of people who have gone to the emergency room for any reason in the past year

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	58%	41%	1%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	59%	36%	5%	0%	142
Unknown	91%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	59%	38%	3%	0%	393

Table 78. Proportion of people whose one or more visit to the ER in the past year was due to falling or losing balance (if went to ER in past year)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	58%	40%	2%	0%	98
HCBW-FE	61%	31%	8%	0%	51
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	1
Sample Average	59%	37%	4%	0%	150

Table 79. Proportion of people whose one or more visit to the ER in the past year was due to tooth or mouth pain (if went to ER in the past year)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	98%	0%	2%	0%	99
HCBW-FE	94%	0%	6%	0%	51
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	1
Sample Average	97%	0%	3%	0%	151

Table 80. Proportion of people who can get an appointment to see their primary care doctor when they need to

	No, Rarely	Usually	Yes, Always	Does Not Have a Primary Care Doctor	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	9%	12%	78%	1%	0%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	9%	15%	73%	1%	2%	0%	141
Unknown	9%	9%	73%	0%	9%	0%	11
Sample Average	9%	13%	76%	1%	1%	0%	392

Table 81. Proportion of people who have talked to someone about feeling sad and depressed during the past 12 months (if feeling sad and depressed)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	40%	60%	0%	0%	97
HCBW-FE	75%	25%	0%	0%	44
Unknown	20%	80%	0%	0%	5
Sample Average	50%	50%	0%	0%	146

Table 82. Proportion of people who have had a physical exam or wellness visit in the past year

	No	Yes	N/A (e.g. Not Recommended)	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	12%	87%	0%	1%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	23%	74%	0%	3%	1%	142
Unknown	0%	91%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	15%	82%	1%	2%	0%	392

Table 83. Proportion of people who have had a hearing exam in the past year

	No	Yes	N/A (e.g. Not Recommended)	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	70%	27%	0%	2%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	66%	27%	0%	6%	1%	142
Unknown	45%	45%	0%	9%	0%	11
Sample Average	68%	28%	0%	4%	1%	394

Table 84. Proportion of people who have had a vision exam in the past year

	No	Yes	N/A (e.g. Not Recommended)	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	37%	63%	0%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	52%	44%	0%	3%	1%	142
Unknown	18%	82%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	42%	57%	0%	1%	0%	392

Table 85. Proportion of people who have had a flu shot in the past year

	No	Yes	N/A (e.g. Not Recommended)	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	39%	58%	0%	3%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	31%	60%	1%	7%	1%	141
Unknown	64%	36%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	37%	58%	0%	4%	0%	392

Table 86. Proportion of people who have had a routine dental visit in the past year

	No	Yes	N/A (e.g. Not Recommended)	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	68%	29%	0%	3%	0%	238
HCBW-FE	70%	23%	4%	3%	0%	142
Unknown	73%	27%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	69%	27%	2%	3%	0%	391

Table 87. Proportion of people who have had a cholesterol screening in the past five years

	No	Yes	N/A (e.g. Not Recommended)	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	11%	86%	0%	3%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	11%	78%	0%	11%	0%	142
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	11%	83%	0%	6%	0%	392

Wellness—un-collapsed

Table 88. Proportion of people who describe their overall health as poor, fair, good, very good, or excellent

	Poor	Fair	Good	Very Good	Excellent	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	18%	26%	31%	12%	11%	2%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	12%	28%	29%	19%	11%	1%	1%	141
Unknown	18%	18%	27%	27%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	16%	27%	30%	15%	11%	1%	0%	391

Table 89. Proportion of people who reported their health has gotten much better, somewhat better, stayed about the same, got somewhat worse, or got much worse compared to 12 months ago

	Much Worse	Somewhat Worse	About the Same	Somewhat Better	Much Better	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	10%	28%	40%	15%	7%	0%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	2%	31%	49%	9%	6%	2%	1%	142
Unknown	9%	0%	64%	18%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	7%	28%	44%	13%	7%	1%	0%	394

Table 90. Proportion of people who reported they forget things more often than before during the past 12 months

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	44%	54%	1%	0%	240
HCBW-FE	36%	56%	6%	1%	140
Unknown	45%	55%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	41%	55%	3%	1%	391

Table 91. Proportion of people who have discussed (or somebody else discussed) their forgetting things with a doctor or a nurse (if forget things more often during the past 12 months)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	30%	70%	0%	0%	132
HCBW-FE	43%	54%	3%	1%	80
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	33%	65%	1%	0%	218

Table 92. Proportion of people who describe themselves as having a chronic psychiatric or mental health diagnosis

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	66%	32%	1%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	78%	15%	6%	1%	142
Unknown	73%	27%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	71%	26%	3%	1%	390

Table 93. Frequency with which people who feel sad or depressed

	Never or Almost Never	Not Often	Sometimes	Often	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	21%	28%	34%	17%	1%	0%	190
HCBW-FE	23%	31%	32%	11%	1%	2%	102
Unknown	11%	33%	22%	33%	0%	0%	9
Sample Average	21%	30%	33%	15%	1%	1%	301

Table 94. Proportion of people with chronic conditions

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	8%	91%	1%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	11%	88%	0%	1%	142
Unknown	27%	73%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	10%	90%	1%	0%	392

Table 95. Proportion of people who describe their hearing as poor, fair and very good (taking into account hearing aids, if any)

	Poor	Fair	Very Good	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	9%	38%	52%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	15%	36%	46%	2%	1%	141
Unknown	9%	64%	27%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	11%	38%	49%	1%	1%	391

Table 96. Proportion of people who describe their vision as poor, fair and very good (taking into account glasses or contacts, if any)

	Poor	Fair	Very Good	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	17%	52%	30%	1%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	19%	47%	31%	2%	1%	142
Unknown	9%	36%	55%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	17%	50%	31%	2%	1%	394

Table 97. Proportion of people who describe themselves as having a physical disability

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	16%	82%	2%	0%	189
HCBW-FE	28%	66%	5%	1%	100
Unknown	40%	60%	0%	0%	5
Sample Average	21%	76%	3%	0%	294

Medications—un-collapsed

Table 98. Proportion of people who take medications that help them feel less sad or depressed

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/No Response	N
HCBW-PD	64%	34%	2%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	67%	23%	9%	1%	141
Unknown	82%	18%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	66%	30%	4%	1%	391

Table 99. Proportion of people who understand why they take their prescription medications and what they are for (if take or are supposed to take prescription medications)

	No	In between, Or Some Medications	Yes	Does Not Take Prescription Medications	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	5%	4%	88%	2%	0%	0%	230
HCBW-FE	6%	12%	76%	4%	2%	1%	127
Unknown	9%	9%	73%	9%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	6%	7%	83%	3%	1%	0%	368

Rights and Respect—un-collapsed

Table 100. Proportion of people who feel that their paid support staff treat them with respect

	No, Never Or Rarely	Some, Or Usually	Yes, All Paid Support Workers, Always Or Almost Always	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	1%	11%	88%	1%	0%	159
HCBW-FE	3%	7%	90%	0%	0%	73
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	1%	9%	89%	0%	0%	238

Table 101. Proportion of people who report that others ask permission before entering their home/room (if in group setting)

	Sometimes, Rarely, Or Never	Usually, But Not Always	Yes, Always	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	
HCBW-PD	10%	10%	80%	0%	0%	60
HCBW-FE	16%	10%	67%	0%	6%	49
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	13%	10%	75%	0%	3%	112

Table 102. Proportion of people who are able to lock the doors to their room if they want to (if in group setting)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	19%	70%	11%	0%	54
HCBW-FE	31%	55%	8%	6%	49
Unknown	67%	33%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	25%	62%	9%	3%	106

Table 103. Proportion of people who have enough privacy in their home (if in group setting)

	Sometimes, Rarely, Or Never	Usually, But Not Always	Yes, Always	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	5%	9%	84%	2%	0%	56
HCBW-FE	6%	4%	82%	2%	6%	49
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	6%	6%	83%	2%	3%	108

Table 104. Proportion of people who are able to have visitors come at any time (if in group setting)

	No, Visitors Allowed Only Certain Times	Yes, Visitors Can Come Any Time		Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	4%	96%	0%	0%	53
HCBW-FE	16%	75%	2%	7%	44
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	9%	87%	1%	3%	100

Table 105. Proportion of people who can use the phone privately whenever they want to (if in group setting)

	No, Never Or Rarely Can Use Privately Or There Are Restrictions	Can Usually Use Privately	Yes, Can Use Privately Anytime, Either Independently Or With Assistance	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	6%	4%	87%	4%	0%	54
HCBW-FE	10%	0%	80%	0%	10%	40
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	7%	2%	85%	2%	4%	97

Table 106. Proportion of people who have access to food at all times of the day (if in group setting)

	No	Yes	N/A Person Unable to Eat Due to Medical Condition	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	29%	67%	2%	0%	2%	55
HCBW-FE	20%	67%	0%	10%	2%	49
Unknown	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	24%	68%	1%	5%	2%	107

Table 107. Proportion of people whose mail or email is read without asking them first (if in group setting)

	No, People Never Read Mail Or Email Without Permission	Yes, People Read Mail Or Email Without Permission	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	80%	14%	6%	0%	50
HCBW-FE	75%	3%	18%	5%	40
Unknown	67%	33%	0%	0%	3
Sample Average	77%	10%	11%	2%	93

Self-Direction of Care—un-collapsed

Table 108. Proportion of people who are participating in a self-directed supports option (as defined by their State—data for this indicator come directly from State administrative records)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	N
HCBW-PD	91%	9%	0%	243
HCBW-FE	99%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	91%	9%	0%	11
Sample Average	94%	6%	0%	396

Table 109. Proportion of people who can choose or change what kind of services they get

	No	Sometimes, Or Some Services	Yes, All Services	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	12%	15%	61%	12%	0%	231
HCBW-FE	10%	8%	65%	16%	1%	136
Unknown	22%	0%	78%	0%	0%	9
Sample Average	11%	12%	63%	13%	0%	376

Table 110. Proportion of people who can choose or change how often and when they get services

	No	Sometimes, Or Some Services	Yes, All Services	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	17%	14%	57%	12%	1%	236
HCBW-FE	10%	9%	61%	18%	2%	137
Unknown	0%	0%	78%	22%	0%	9
Sample Average	14%	12%	59%	14%	1%	382

Table 111. Proportion of people who can change their paid support staff

	No	Sometimes, Or Some Services	Yes, All Services	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	11%	8%	75%	6%	0%	174
HCBW-FE	9%	6%	63%	20%	2%	87
Unknown	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	10%	7%	72%	10%	1%	267

Work—un-collapsed

Table 112. Proportion of people who have a paying job in the community, either full-time or part-time

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	99%	1%	0%	0%	237
HCBW-FE	100%	0%	0%	0%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	99%	1%	0%	0%	390

Table 113. Proportion of people who would like a job (if not currently employed)

	No	Maybe, Not Sure	Yes	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	79%	7%	14%	0%	189
HCBW-FE	85%	7%	6%	2%	102
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	82%	7%	11%	1%	299

Table 114. Proportion of people who reported that someone has talked to them about job options (if wanted a job)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	77%	21%	0%	2%	43
HCBW-FE	92%	8%	0%	0%	13
Unknown	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sample Average	80%	18%	0%	2%	56

Table 115. Proportion of people who do volunteer work

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	93%	6%	1%	0%	241
HCBW-FE	98%	1%	0%	1%	142
Unknown	100%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	95%	4%	1%	0%	394

Table 116. Proportion of people who would like to do volunteer work (if not currently volunteering)

	No	Maybe, Not Sure	Yes	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	79%	11%	10%	1%	177
HCBW-FE	87%	4%	8%	1%	99
Unknown	88%	13%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	82%	8%	9%	1%	284

Everyday Living—un-collapsed

Table 117. Proportion of people who generally need a lot or some assistance with everyday activities

	None	Some	A Lot	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	4%	30%	65%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	4%	47%	48%	1%	0%	142
Unknown	0%	45%	55%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	4%	37%	58%	1%	0%	392

Table 118. Proportion of people who always get enough assistance with everyday activities when they need it (if need any assistance)

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	25%	75%	0%	0%	226
HCBW-FE	16%	82%	1%	1%	134
Unknown	18%	82%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	22%	78%	1%	0%	371

Table 119. Proportion of people who generally need a lot or some assistance for self-care

	None	Some	A Lot	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	6%	32%	62%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	14%	39%	46%	1%	0%	140
Unknown	10%	60%	30%	0%	0%	10
Sample Average	9%	35%	55%	0%	0%	389

Table 120. Proportion of people who always get enough assistance with self-care when they need it

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	27%	73%	0%	0%	226
HCBW-FE	15%	84%	1%	0%	119
Unknown	20%	80%	0%	0%	10
Sample Average	23%	77%	0%	0%	355

Table 121. Proportion of people who have access to healthy foods like fruits and vegetables when they want them

	No, Never	Sometimes	Yes, Often	N/A Person Unable to Eat Due to Medical Condition	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	8%	10%	81%	0%	1%	0%	238
HCBW-FE	7%	11%	80%	0%	1%	1%	139
Unknown	0%	9%	91%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	7%	10%	81%	0%	1%	1%	388

Affordability—un-collapsed

Table 122. Proportion of people who ever have to skip a meal due to financial worries

	No, Never	Sometimes	Yes, Often	N/A Person Unable to Eat Due to Medical Condition	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	80%	13%	6%	0%	0%	0%	239
HCBW-FE	89%	6%	4%	0%	1%	1%	142
Unknown	91%	9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11
Sample Average	84%	10%	5%	0%	0%	1%	392

Planning for the Future— un-collapsed

Table 123. Proportion of people who want help planning for their future need for services

	No	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/ Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	42%	56%	2%	0%	188
HCBW-FE	59%	33%	8%	0%	101
Unknown	50%	50%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	48%	48%	4%	0%	297

Control—un-collapsed

Table 124. Proportion of people who feel in control of their life

	No	In between	Yes	Don t Know	Unclear/Refused/ No Response	N
HCBW-PD	15%	31%	54%	1%	0%	192
HCBW-FE	15%	21%	62%	1%	2%	102
Unknown	25%	25%	50%	0%	0%	8
Sample Average	15%	27%	56%	1%	1%	302

Table 125. Ranking of how important people reported health was to them right now (out of health, safety, being independent, being engaged with community and friends, and maintaining assets/avoiding poverty)

	1 Health Most Important	2	3	4	5 Health Least Important	N
HCBW-PD	71%	19%	6%	2%	2%	125
HCBW-FE	64%	26%	6%	1%	2%	84
Unknown	67%	33%	0%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	68%	22%	6%	1%	2%	215

Table 126. Ranking of how important people reported safety was to them right now (out of health, safety, being independent, being engaged with community and friends, and maintaining assets/avoiding poverty)

	1 Safety Most Important	2	3	4	5 Safety Least Important	N
HCBW-PD	6%	34%	30%	21%	9%	125
HCBW-FE	7%	35%	30%	20%	9%	81
Unknown	0%	17%	83%	0%	0%	6
Sample Average	6%	34%	32%	20%	8%	212

Table 127. Ranking of how important people reported being independent was to them right now (out of health, safety, being independent, being engaged with community and friends, and maintaining assets/avoiding poverty)

	1 Being Independent Most Important	2	3	4	5 Being Independent Least Important	N
HCBW-PD	17%	28%	38%	15%	2%	125
HCBW-FE	16%	30%	37%	15%	2%	81
Unknown	0%	67%	0%	33%	0%	6
Sample Average	16%	30%	36%	16%	2%	212

Table 128. Ranking of how important people reported being engaged with community and friends was to them right now (out of health, safety, being independent, being engaged with community and friends, and maintaining assets/avoiding poverty)

	1 Engaged with Community Most Important	2	3	4	5 Engaged with Community Least Important	N
HCBW-PD	2%	9%	14%	31%	44%	124
HCBW-FE	11%	9%	14%	27%	39%	79
Unknown	33%	17%	0%	33%	17%	6
Sample Average	7%	9%	13%	29%	41%	209

Table 129. Ranking of how important people reported maintaining assets/avoiding poverty was to them right now (out of health, safety, being independent, being engaged with community and friends, and maintaining assets/avoiding poverty)

	1 Maintaining Assets/Avoiding Poverty Most Important	2	3	4	5 Maintaining Assets/ Avoiding Poverty Least Important	N
HCBW-PD	7%	9%	11%	29%	43%	124
HCBW-FE	5%	5%	10%	35%	45%	78
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	17%	83%	6
Sample Average	6%	7%	11%	31%	45%	208