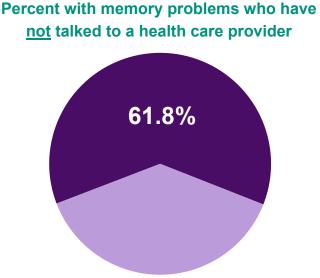
alzheimer's & association cognitive decline in nevada

DATA FROM THE 2019 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Nevada, 14.9% - 1 in 7 — of those aged 45 and over report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

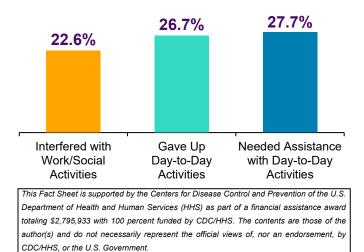
Nearly two-thirds of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 33.1% say it has created "functional difficulties" — that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities.



Percent of Those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline												
<u>All</u>	<u>Gender</u>		Age					Educational Attainment				
14.9%	<u>Men</u> 15.2%	<u>Women</u> 14.6%	<u>45-59</u> 14.0%	<u>60-64</u> 14.4%	<u>65-74</u> 15.2%	<u>75-79</u> 21.8%	<u>80+</u> 14.3%	< High <u>School</u> 12.5%	High <u>School</u> 15.8%	Some <u>College</u> 16.1%	College <u>Grad</u> 13.8%	

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden



Percent with memory problems who live alone

Percent with memory problems who have at least one other chronic condition*

*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes